THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

Pledged to The Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to American Industries, as Formulated in The Republican National Platform.

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PEOPLE THAT YOU KNOW

What They Are Doing and Where They Go--Some Interesting Items

NEWS AROUND TOWN

Short Local News Gathered in Our Journeyings About the Little Village

ELGIN, ILL., Aug. 21—Butter firm at 21c. Output of the week, 780,000 lbs.

Don't miss the cantata next Friday evening.

Mrs. Taylor of Waukegan is the guest of Mrs. E. J. Lewis.

A. D. Webb of Waukegan was calling on Antioch friends Tuesday.

Miss Carrie Chard will sing in the cantata next Friday evening.

Mrs. L. B. Grice and Miss Alice Emmons spent Tuesday in Chicago.

Andrew White of Waukegan was transacting business in Antioch Tuesday.

For Sale—a comparatively new safe. Inquire of J. McMahon, Lake Villa, Ill. 50t

Mrs. Tyrrell of Waukegan was calling on Antioch friends the fore part of the week.

C. B. Little and wife of Chicago are visiting with relatives in this vicinity this week.

Miss Bobzine of Aurora, was the guest of Mrs. D. Ferris the latter part of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Weber spent Sunday with relatives at Kenosha.

Mrs. Jake Hook and son Frank and Mrs. [illegible]in were Chicago visitors Tuesday.

Rev. Smith preached at the Gages Lake and Lake Methodist churches last Sunday.

Lowell Cleworth the eleven year old son of Rev. and Mrs. Cleworth drove out from Chicago Saturday.

For Sale—Minnie Huber property on [illegible] street, Antioch, Ill. Inquire [illegible] 50tf

Dont fail to attend the cantata consisting of drills, songs, tableaux etc., at the opera house next Friday evening.

Write to Alden, Bidinger & Co., Waukegan, Ill., for prices and terms on new and used pianos and organs. 6tf

Alex Hanlan returned from Canada on Tuesday and we understand that he purchased 160 acres of land.

Harvey Watson of Chicago is spending the latter part of this week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Watson at this place.

Mrs. J. C. James, Jr., and children left on Wednesday for Sedalia, Virginia, where she expects to spend about six weeks with her sisters.

On Monday evening at eight o'clock the fourth quarterly conference of this year will be held in the church parlor. A full attendance is very much desired.

Mr. and Mrs. Abe Crowley start on Thursday of this week for Weedsport, N. Y., where they will spend a month or so with relatives and friends.

Our 1905 list of improved Iowa farms is now ready. Anyone wanting to buy a home, or for investment, write for prices, terms, and pictures. Northern Iowa Land Co., Independance, Iowa. 52w8

At the Methodist church next Sunday the pastor will preach both morning and evening. In the morning the subject of the sermon wil lbe "At God's Feet," being the second sermon in the series on "The Paradise Life."

Dr. B. A. Camfield, lecturer on diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat at the Chicago College of Ophthalmology, has opened offices in the Mayer's Block, Kenosha, Wis., where he will treat those diseases on Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays and Sundays from three to nine o'clock p. m.

Lessons on the Piano, Organ, Violin, Guitar and Mandolin and instruction in Harmony may be had at the studio of Prof. O. A. Linnerrud, Antioch. Can furnish the above instruments carefully selected, and at low prices. The piano handled is high grade and unsurpassed in beauty of tone, evenness of scale, workmanship and durability. Prof. O. A. Linnerrud. 32m6

J. C. James, Jr., made a trip to Chicago on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Drury are spending the week at Fox Lake.

C. O. Foltz of Chicago was calling on Antioch friends Saturday.

Rev. Wm. C. Cleworth will speak at the Soldiers and Sailors reunion on Thursday.

W. C. Moore of Chicago spent Sunday with his mother, Mrs. Wm. Moore, at this place.

Mrs. R. B. Webb and daughter of Crystal Falls, Mich., are visiting relatives at this place.

Walter Taylor left on Saturday of last week for Waukegan where he has accepted a position in a meat market.

New and second hand pianos and sewing machines for sale or rent, or will trade for horses. L. B. Grice. 20tf

Ben VanPatten left on Tuesday for Delevan, Wis., where he has accepted a position in a harness shop.

The fifty-second annual McHenry county fair will be held at Woodstock on August 28,29,30,31 and Sept. 1. Big attraction and a good time is assured to all who attend.

George Gollwitzer left on Tuesday of this week for an extended visit to Germany. He expects to be gone about three months and while away will also visit France, Italy and other places of interest.

For Sale—Ten room house with 1 acre of land, 1 mile north of Millburn. Shade trees and some nice fruit trees and good well. Call on or address G. W. Odom, Antioch, R. F. D. No. 2. 50w3

The Woman's Home Missionary will hold its regular meeting at the home of Mrs. Devine Olcott on Wednesday afternoon August 30. We urge all members to be present and invite visitors. Nettie Welch, Sec'y.

For Sale—A cider mill press, boiler and engine. The boiler is a ten horse power and the engine is an eight horse power. Everything in first class condition. Inquire of J. B. Palmer, Lake Villa, Ill. 51tf

The Queen of the West summer resort on Petite lake has been rented for a term of three years to Mr. Love, of Oak Park who will take posession in October. Mrs. Herman will move with her family to Antioch to reside.

John Porter, Sr., died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. D. Nelson, north of town, on Wednesday morning, at the advanced age of eighty-one years and six months. The funeral will be held at the home on Friday afternoon at one o'clock, and the interment will be at the Avon Centre cemetery.

Low rates round trip to the south west, Texas, Oklahoma, Indian Territory, Kansas and Missouri, via. Frisco system, the first and third Tuesdays of each month. Return limit twenty-one days, stopover in both directions. For further information address Geo. E. Webb, Immigration agent, Antioch, Ill. 47tf

The Hickory annual Harvest picnic will be held in Taylors Grove at Hickory on Tuesday, August 29. Every body is invited to come and spend the day with us. Good speakers will address the gathering, and there will be singing and amusements of various kinds that will interest all who attend. In case of bad weather, picnic will be held next day.

The reception and ball held for the benefit of St. Peters church of Antioch at McMahons hall at Lake Villa, on Friday evening of last week, was well attended and was both a social and financial success. Those who had the affair in charge deserve much credit for the success of the undertaking, and bopes are entertained by all who attended that it will be repeated in the near future.

Edith R. Quinn died at her home in Waukegan on Tuesday, August 15, after a lingering illness extending over a period of three years. She was born at Salem, Wis., on the twelth day of March, 1852, and her younger days were spent at that place, for a time her home was at Hickory, Ill, but in March 1882 she moved to Richmond, Ill., and remained at that place until October 1894, when she moved to Waukegan where she remained till the time of her death. Mrs. Quinn was a sister-in-law of Mrs. Charles Pullen of this place and a sister of Mrs. S. Strahn north of town. She was well known in this vicinity as well as in the different places where she has lived, and she has a large number of friends who deeply regret her loss.

Whither.

Whither leads this pathway, little one?—
It runs just on and on, is never done.

Whither leads this pathway, mistress fair?—
That path to town, sir to the village square.

Whither leads this pathway, father old?—
To the white quiet of the churchyard fold.

—John Vance Cheney.

DRAWS A BIG CROWD

The Water Carnival Held Last Saturday Was a Great Success

WAS FIRST HELD HERE

Handsome Prizes Were Given to Those Winning Out in the Different Contests

The Water Carnival held Saturday, Aug. 19, at Connolly's beach, Channel Lake, under the auspices of Gifford's hotel, Sylvan Beach hotel, Smith's Lake View hotel and cottagers of Channel and Catherine lakes, was a most flattering success and reflects credit on those who had the affair in charge. It was witnessed by a large and appreciative gathering of lake and towns people. The decorations of beach and boats were very lavish and effective, making it a most brilliant scene. The costumes worn by many of the ladies and gentlemen representing oriental nations, the decorations of launches and row boats with flowers and bunting was a scene long to be remembered. The races and contests were varied and entertaining and accompanied by most enchanting strains of music.

The program and prize winners are as follows:

Best decorated sail boat—Romer—sailed by Arnold Biglow. Prize, gold clock.

Sailing race—Class A—Great Eastern—J. F. Connolly. Prize, solid silver cup.

Sailing race—Class B—Gem—George E. Mason. Prize, solid silver cup.

Decorated launches—1st—G. W. Richardson. Prize, solid silver cup.

Decorated launches—2d—Gifford and Hall. Prize, gold clock.

Row boats—adults—Miss Burr and Mr. McLaughlin. Prize, gold clock.

Row boats—children—Miss Kathryn Schmidt and Nelson Gifford. Prize, solid silver cup.

Men's swimming race—E. C. Sullivan. Prize, gold medal.

Ladies swimming race—Miss Florence Fenderson. Prize, manicure set.

Boy's swimming race—Walter Devereaux. Prize, solid gold medal.

Girl's swimming race—1st, Janet Richardson; prize, toilet set. 2d, Jeane Connolly; prize, jewel case.

Man's [illegible]—Mr. Matteson. Prize solid gold medal.

Graceful diving—Eddie Connolly. Prize, solid gold medal.

Boy's rowing race—Nelson Gifford. Prize, solid gold medal.

Dog's swimming race—Beauty, owned by Mrs. George E. Mason. Prize, solid silver cup.

Tug of war—Captains Biglow and Clingman—decided a tie. Prize, box of cigars.

Tub race—Howard Richardson. Prize, solid gold medal.

Battle of the Knights—Mr. Binnes. Prize cigar case.

Judges—Mr. Johnson, Mrs. Coyle and Mrs. Schmidt.

RAILROAD WRECK AT WAUKEGAN

In a rear end collision between two freight trains in the Chicago and Northwestern freight yards at Waukegan Saturday morning, the following were killed: Ernest Taylor, engineer of beer train; Charles E. Schreck, fireman of beer train; L. O. Love, head brakeman of beer train; W. V. Hoag, conductor on ice train. The ice train had stopped in the freight yards. A brakegan was sent back a half mile with a lantern to signal the beer train.

The sending back of the brakeman was considered a perfunctory precaution, inasmuch as two semaphores, the fartherest down the track and the other a half mile away, both showed powerful red lights, and torpedoes had been placed along the track as an additional warning. Probably because of the driving rain the men in the engine cab had closed the cab windows and the spattering of the rain drops on the panes blotted out the light of the danger signals. With the windows closed, the sound of the torpedoes also was deadened. As the train passed the brakeman he threw his lantern at the cab, intending to throw it through the window, but it struck the side of the cab and the men therein did not hear it.

A Justifiable Suspicion.

"Why do you think your son-in-law has natural ability as a financier?"

"He induced me to lend him [illegible] money to buy my daughter's engagement ring."

Exchange Screenings.

See to it that your wife is kissed and caressed, even if you have to do it yourself.

There are practically no illiterates in Norway. The men are perhaps the finest in the world, physically.

The Russian peace commissioners are to be allowed a salary of $200 a day, and $7,500 for other expenses.

If a man has good health, it is unfair for him to ask the Lord to give him anything else, because he ought to get it himself.

Instead of "government by injunction" this will soon be a government by surgery, if the probe is used much more to uncover rottan and diseased department deals.

A romantic young lady from the city was visiting during the past month at a country place near here. On one occasion she remarked: "Just hear how those old trees in the orchard do moan and groan in the storm, like the crying of a lost soul." The small boy of the family replied: "Well, I guess you'd make a racket yourself if you was as full of green apples as they are."

Here's the real cause and starting of baseball. The devil was the first coacher. He coached Eve, and when she stole first, Adam stole second. When the servant of Isaac met Rebecca at the well she was walking with a pitcher, Samson struck out a good many times when he beat the Philistines. Moses made the first home run when he slew the Egyptians and Cain made a base hit when he slew Able. Abraham made a sacrifice. The prodigal son made a home run. David was a long distance thrower and Moses shut out the Egyptians at the Red Sea.

A near-by editor advertised thus: "Some woman with substantial understanding left a pair of overshoes at this office. Owner may have same by calling, proving property and paying for advertisement." The shoes were not called for and the following ad was inserted: "Some neat little woman with pretty feet left a pair of overshoes at this office. She may have same by calling and paying for this advertisement in sweet smiles." This was judicious advertising and brought results. All the neat little women in town called and claimed those shoes, and the editor had to go out and buy a box of rubbers to supply the demand.

One of the worst things about the average American is that he will sell anything he owns, if he can get his price. This disposition on his part tends to make him always unsettled. When a man has a good farm, a good home, good neighbors and a good income, where can he possibly go to better his condition? In fact, where could he go where he would not be worse off? Lots of men find this out at an expense of a lot of money and peace of mind. The sensible thing for men to do in nine cases out of ten is to settle down contented, so far as expecting to find a home where everything is all right, and carefully study how they may make the old farm productive, their home more pleasant and their lives of more use to their families and to the world. No where in the world can there be found better conditions than right here at home. Many a man has missed it by selling out and going north, south or west in an effort to better his condition.

In conversation with a married lady the other evening the talk turned on divorce question. I informed her that untying the knot in Burmah is a very simple affair. If husband and wife decide that they can't get along together the wife goes out and buys two common candles of equal size. She brings them home, places them on the floor, herself and husband sitting down near them. The candles represent husband and wife, and are lighted at the same moment. Custom decrees that the owner of the candle which burns out first must leave the place at once, taking nothing but the clothes worn at the moment, leaving all lands and personal effects to the other. "That ain't a bad idea," said the lady. "If it was the custom here the men would lose nine times out of ten. The woman would fix the candle representing him some way or other so it would flicker out first." Her opinion is concurred in.

Wisconsin State Fair.

The Wisconsin state fair will be held at Milwaukee on September 11-15, opening on Monday and closing the following Saturday. It is safe to say that it will be the greatest fair held in the state of Wisconsin. The state board of agriculture has been exerting its utmost efforts to make the fair of 1905 superior to any that has ever been held, and with the strong list of attractions they have reason to believe that all fairs in this part of the country will be excelled.

The racing purses are larger than ever before, aggregating $23,000 and including two purses of $5,000 and two of $2,500 each. Besides the [illegible] educational features of the [illegible] which will be [illegible] as a great variety of entertainment [illegible] features all of [illegible] at a large [illegible] ment possible care

DROWNED IN FOX LAKE

Miss Rose Vialo Paoli, of Chicago, Falls Out of a Row Boat

WAS ON HER VACATION

The Young Lady Was to Have Returned Home on the Day of Her Fatal Ride

On Saturday morning, Aug. 19, Rose Viola Paoli, of Chicago, was drowned in Fox Lake, near the Fox Lake yacht club house.

Miss Paoli was a guest at the Queen of the West hotel on Petite lake and had been stopping there for some two weeks, and was intending to leave on the Saturday she was drowned. On Friday evening she had invited a gentleman friend to accompany her at an early hour Saturday morning for a final row into Fox Lake, but the gentleman did not appear and she started out alone. She left the pier at about 6:30 a. m. and rowed across the lake into Fox Lake.

A gentleman at the yacht club saw her swimming after her boat, but thought it was some one in bathing. He went in to breakfast and on his return to the pier he noticed that the boat had no occupant, and on going out to the boat he saw that it belonged to the Queen of the West. Going back to the club house he telephoned to the hotel and told them of the finding of the boat and asked if anyone was missing at the hotel. A search was at once begun and a little later it was discovered that Miss Paoli had left the Queen of the West piers for a row out into the lake early in the morning.

Searching parties at once started out and dragged the lake all day Saturday, Sunday and Monday. At about six o'clock Monday evening the body of the young lady floated to the surface. The body was picked up by the searching parties and later was brought to Antioch and Coroner Taylor was notified. The coroner held an inquest on Tuesday morning at the J. C. James, Jr., undertaking rooms. A jury was impanelled and witnesses sworn, but nothing was brought out that would throw any light on the affair. The jury rendered a verdict of accidental drowning.

The theory seems to be that the young lady stood up in the boat, lost her balance and fell into the water. As there was no known eyewitness to the sad ending of the young lady, her death will probably always remain a mystery.

A brother and an uncle of Miss Paoli came out from Chicago and took the remains to that city on the 11:17 train on Tuesday morning. Miss Paoli was a stenographer by occupation and was 22 years of age. She was enjoying a two weeks' vacation which terminated so disastrously.

Word and Works Magazine.

Rev. Irl R. Hicks, the noted weather forecaster of St. Louis, Mo., has for 18 years past edited a monthly journal of national reputation, Word and Works. We have received Word and Works at this office and can testify to its value as a family monthly. Prof. Hicks has just decided to change his family monthly to magazine form and with the October number the monthly will be a beautiful magazine profusely illustrated with half-tone engravings. One of the early fall numbers of this magazine will contain Prof. Hick's weather forecasts for the first six months of 1906. The January, 1906, number will contain the weather forecasts for the second six months of 1906. These two numbers of the magazine will take the place of the Hicks Almanac, which will be discontinued. The matter that has heretofore been published in the Hicks almanac each year will now be found in the magazine and much more. The price of the Word and Works Magazine is ten cents per copy or $1.00 per year. Send 10 cents for a copy of the October number, which gives you full particulars of how the Hicks weather forecasts for a year in advance will now be given to the public. Word and Works Publishing Co., 2201 Locust Street, St. Louis, Mo.

He Can Get Along Without It.

When a dog has reached up on the kitchen table and absorbed the three pounds of sirloin steak that has just come in from the butcher, he mustn't expect people to pat him on the head and say fondly, "Dear old Bruno!"—Somerville Journal.

Algerian Cork the Best.

The best cork comes from Algeria. There are 2,500,000 acres of cork trees in that country.

Death of Mrs. Jerome Burnett.

On Monday morning of this week occurred the death of Mrs. Jerome Burnett of this place. She had been quite ill with stomach trouble since January last and in spite of all that medical aid could do she grew rapidly worse, and a few weeks ago Dr. Fisher, of Chicago, was called and pronounced her disease to be cancer of the stomach. All hope for her recovery was then given up, but nevertheless when death entered the home and removed therefrom the loving wife and kind and gentle mother it came as a severe shock to the family and friends.

She was born at Joliet, Ill., on January 8, 1843, and removed with her parents into Avon township, Lake county, when she was 13 years of age. On November 15, 1866 she was united in marriage to Jerome Burnett and they moved onto a farm near Lake Villa, where they resided until taking up their residence in this village in the year of 1892. To them one daughter was born, Mrs. Eugene Wilton, of Lake Villa.

Mrs. Burnett was of a quiet, gentle disposition and made friends of all who came to know her, and her loss will be keenly felt by her many neighbors and friends. She had always enjoyed good health until the development of the disease which caused her death. She has suffered much in the past few months of her illness, but has born her sufferings uncomplainingly. She leaves to mourn her loss her husband and daughter and one brother, Mr. James Isbester, who resides west of town. The funeral was held on Wednesday afternoon at one o'clock at the home, Rev. Wm. C. Cleworth officiating. The remains were laid at rest in the Antioch Hillside cemetery. The News joins with a wide circle of friends in extending sympathy to the bereaved family.

WOMAN TO BOOM POWERS LAKE LAND

An effort is to be made to make Powers lake, in the town of Randall, Wisconsin, one of the leading places of resort for Chicago people during the summer months, and to this effect Mrs. Marie Molter, of Chicago, has placed on record a plat of what is known as Illinois Park. The land is a large tract facing on the banks of Powers lake. It is composed of twenty-three lots grouped about a large, open court, which is to be made into a park. The lots are of different sizes, but all have a frontage of thirty feet on the court. It is stated that more than $6,000 worth of lots have already been sold and the purchasers will build cottages on them during the coming year. The plans for the improvement of the center of the tract of land are most elaborate, and if they are carried out Illinois Park will be one of the most beautiful pieces of summer resort property to be found in Wisconsin.

Obituary.

On Monday, Aug. 14th, Mrs. Jane Nelson passed away. She was born on the Isle of Man, Oct. 19, 1822. In 1848 she came to this country with her husband and settled at Fox Lake where she remained till the time of her death. She leaves to mourn her loss three sons and one daughter, eight grand children and five great grand children. On the 25 day of last month she rode in a buggy to McHenry, a distance of twelve miles and back without fatigue or complaint, to see the last remains of her eldest daughter, Mrs. Wm. Simes who died the day before. When very young in life she united with the Methodist Episcopal church and by her prayers and council has shown to the world she did what she could for her God, and she quietly passed away at the age of eighty-two years, nine months and twenty-five days. The funeral was held at the home on Thursday last, Rev. Hitchcock officiating. The floral offerings were many and beautiful.

We wish to express our thanks to our friends and neighbors for their kindness during the sickness and death of our mother. And especially do we thank the singers and those who contributed flowers.

H. Nelson
E. T. Nelson
E. W. Nelson.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to express our sincere thanks to the friends who so kindly aided us in our sad bereavement, also to the singers and to those who furnished the flowers.

Eugene Stickels
and family.

Announcement.

I wish to announce my candidacy for the office of County Superintendent of Schools, subject to decision of the Republican convention. JOHN HOOVER,
Rockefeller, Ill.

THE DIAMOND RIVER

BY DAVID MURRAY

CHAPTER XIII.—(Continued.)

"Ah!" said Jethroe, with a soft, slow expulsion of the breath. "Soft-spoken scoundrel—eh? Rubbed his hands together a good deal? Very deeply tanned and very wrinkled?"

"That is the man, sir, to a hair."

"And the other fellow?"

"A red-headed man of sanguine-bilious complexion. Clean shaven, except for a little touch of side whisker."

"Were they curious at all?"

"No, sir," said Monboddo. "No, sir. They asked if there were any possibility of mistake on my part as to identity. Of course, I set their minds at rest upon that point, and I thought it advisable to add that the documents discovered on the body would alone have cured any doubt on that point."

"Come, Monboddo, I want to be sure of this. Who first spoke of documents?"

"Ah, now," said Monboddo, "it is possible the first suggestion came from them. It did so, I remember. The red-haired man said: 'The doctor would possibly be aided by documents found upon the body.' Exactly. It was not till then that I thought of them. I assured them that the documents had been forwarded to their proper destination—that they were in your nephew's hands."

"There's something to be done with this," said Jethroe, thoughtfully. His right hand passed mechanically below his chin, and he clutched at vacancy.

"You must not do that, sir!" cried Monboddo.

"Do what?" asked Jethroe, in amazement.

"That!" said the doctor, imitating his gesture. "I am afraid that I am not an observant man; but that clutch at your beard brought the beard back again. I actually saw it there. That motion of the hand transformed you back to what you were when I last saw you."

"Yes," said Jethroe, with a glimmer of a smile; "you've brought your nerves into good practice for a startler of that kind. Here, let me think. There's something to be done with this."

He fell to marching up and down the room, and Monboddo sidled uneasily to a chair.

A knock sounded at the door, and the lithographic artist bowed himself in. Being bidden to go right on with his business, he produced his work. It was very neat and trim and new, and, on inspection, turned out to be quite satisfactory. He took his money, gave a receipt for the same, and retired, having said "Ou, ay!" several times, and spoken no other word.

"Look here, Monboddo," said Jethroe. "There's something you must do for me. I want all these things to look like age. I want them crumbled, yellowed, soiled."

"Yes," said Monboddo. "Child's play, sir—child's play."

"Will this ink stand salt water?"

"I'll guarantee that, if you wish it," Monboddo answered. "Are these by any chance to have been found upon the body?"

"You're a keen rascal, Tom," said Jethroe. "Now, here's the game; these sheets of vellum must look twenty years old."

"A hundred if you like," said Monboddo.

"I said twenty," Jethroe responded. He produced the satchel in which he carried the original cipher, and spread a leaf or two of its contents on the table. "That is the state to bring them to."

"Exactly," said Monboddo.

"They must be immersed in salt water."

"The sea salt of the bath," said Monboddo. "A touch of iodine."

"They must not be allowed to become illegible."

"I'll fix 'em."

CHAPTER XIV.

Harvey and his transformed uncle sat alone that night, and the elder Jethroe indulged in a good deal of rough mirth over the trap he had laid for his enemies.

"You must play 'em," he said, rubbing his hands gleefully together. "You must make 'em think they've got the clue. I never heard of finer sport in my life. And what a lark it is to think that they're all come down to the funeral—the funeral!"

He burst into boisterous laughter, and returned to the theme again and again. Harvey felt the mirth grate upon him. He was of another world and another material, and he saw no jest in the business. It was all ugly and repellent to him, and he was glad to escape his uncle's constant repetition of instructions, which had already been pressed upon him to weariness.

He escaped under pretense of great fatigue, but when once he had got clear of that oppressive gown and slippers to think. He reviewed the whole singular story, and went over it from the beginning—the time when he had gone out to meet Constance by the side of the common, and, while waiting for her, had heard the last groans of the murdered man. All the events which had so rapidly followed seemed to have pressed Constance quite apart from him.

But, after all, it was not his fault that he had been caught up into so strangely romantic a series of events, and he tried to find excuses for himself. And while he was thus musing he sat looking at the door knob of an unused door, and he was absolutely certain that he saw it move. His bedroom was one of a suite of three and occupied the central place, so that three doors communicated with it—the one by which he himself entered, and the locked and bolted doors on each side of the apartment. It happened that the door at which he was looking was locked and bolted on his side, so that it did not seem as though a very hopeful enterprise had been undertaken by whomsoever was seeking an entrance to his chamber that way.

Harvey rose on stealthy tiptoe and walked softly toward the door, keeping his eye upon the knob, which was being very quietly and slowly twisted this way and that. He could see that a certain amount of pressure was being used upon the door itself, whenever the catch was withdrawn; and he knelt down closer to the keyhole and noiselessly withdrew the key. No light came through; but on his own side of the door there was a china keyhole guard, and it was ten to one that the same thing existed on the other side also. But while he was peeping into the darkness of the keyhole he saw a slant light suddenly appear within it, and withdrawing swiftly he allowed the guard to fall. He listened with great intentness, but his heart throbbed with excitement, and he was at such pains to control his breathing that his pulses drummed in his ears.

This all passed away in a while, and he could hear an asthmatic wheezing behind the door, and, after a considerable time of waiting and listening, the padding about of a heavy and inelastic footstep.

"Now, if I were a brave man," said Harvey to himself, "I should just go round to that room and ask what all this means."

He was a good deal less of a coward than he fancied himself to be, but his young courage was only to be aroused by action, and stood in need of leadership.

By and by he settled back to his thoughts. His mind reverted to Constance. He had more money now than he ever expected to handle as his own since his uncle had chosen to quarrel with him. His uncle had abandoned his opposition, had loaded him with money, and promised to make him heir to a vast fortune; but all this brought him no nearer to Constance, and carried him farther and farther away from any chances of quiet and repose.

"What's the good of millions," he asked himself, "if you can't enjoy them? Why should I care to have thousands at the bank if I can't buy what I want with them? I can't purchase the quiet little house I coveted and get married and settle down, as I meant to before this thunderstorm of an uncle came to make life impossible."

And as he was thinking thus, there rose on a sudden an appalling shriek, which sounded almost at his ear. It was a woman's voice that called, and it was as shrill as an alarm whistle, and as piercing. Harvey, not pausing to inquire whether he was brave or not, darted into the corridor, and there encountered a burly man, who was footing it nimbly in the half-darkness. The two, with a heavy shock, came to the ground together, and Harvey, groping after something to hold on by, and being half dazed by the fall, seized the stranger with both hands by the side of the beard, and held on there as a drowning man is said to hold on to a straw.

The shrieking went on all the time: louder than at first, if that were possible, but at least seeming so because of the extreme volubility with which the cries were poured out, and in a very few seconds there were half a dozen people in the corridor, and the whole hotel was in commotion. The noise proceeded from the room adjoining Harvey's—not that from which the door handle had been tried, but its opposite—and though the door was wide open, the chamber was in darkness. An official lady, in a black dress, with man-like cuffs and collars, bustled through the scattered little crowd, entered the room, whisked on the electric light there, and closed the door. The shrieks continued for a few seconds still, and then came suddenly to an end.

"Constance is here?" cried Harvey. "In this hotel?"

"In this hotel, dear boy," said Mr. Thorne. He was as pompous as of old, but he was geniality itself. The million made a difference. "She has not yet retired," he said, "though she had just reached her room when that extraordinary noise broke out, and she and I both witnessed the extraordinary scene in the corridor outside. What was it all about?"

"That is more than I can tell you," Harvey answered with perfect verbal truth, though the reply, in effect, was misleading. "Can I see Constance?" he asked eagerly.

"Certainly, my dear Harvey, certainly. Meet us in two minutes in the coffee room."

Harvey made a rapid toilet, and within the specified time was standing hand in hand with Constance, with Mr. Thorne looking on at their meeting with hands upraised in jocular blessing, like a father in a comedy. There was nobody else in the apartment, and they were able to sit down and talk at ease. Unfortunately, for Mr. Thorne, he had not found time to impress Constance as he had meant to do, with the idea that his arrival at that particular hour was an accident, and even if he had, it was ten to one that the girl's downright honesty of nature would have led her to refuse to shelter him. She betrayed the truth unconsciously at once.

"We heard of your loss," she said, "and papa thought that it was only right and just that he should be present at the funeral."

"Thank you for coming," Harvey answered, "but I had very much rather that you did not attend the funeral; it's a wretched business altogether," he said haltingly, "and I wouldn't have you there for worlds, dear."

"I didn't think it was at all my place to be there," Constance answered; "but papa insisted and I came."

"Well, you know," said Mr. Thorne, "I couldn't explain my reasons in that fellow's presence; but it's a long time since we met, Harvey, and I wanted——"

"The fact is," said Constance, "that papa wanted to know whether that great fortune you have come into was going to make any difference between you and me."

"It would make a difference," Harvey answered, "if I had my way. It would make all the difference in the world. It would have made us man and wife, my darling; but I'm as far off from happiness as ever, I'm afraid. I'm pledged to go to South America to wind up affairs there, and I can't even guess how long I may be forced to be away."

Constance read the trouble in his voice, and laid her hand in his unhesitatingly; but her father understood the matter differently.

"You're not going back on your undertaking, Harvey?" he said.

"Father!" cried Constance indignantly.

"No," said Harvey. "I am not going back on my undertaking. You kept us apart some years, Mr. Thorne. I don't blame you for it; I never felt that I had a right to find fault with you on that score."

"My dear boy," said Mr. Thorne, "except from the worldly point of view, the match had always my very warmest sanction. I am not about to withdraw that sanction now, when the only obstacle to a happy union is removed."

"Very well, sir," Harvey answered. "Will you consent to this: So soon as ever the—he boggled a little at the phrase—the ceremony is over I return to Chicago. Then, without loss of time, I must start for Brazil. Will you consent to a marriage before I go, so that I can leave Constance in your care, and claim her from you at once on my return?"

"My dear Harvey!" Mr. Thorne shook hands with enthusiasm.

"But am I to have no voice?" asked Constance, laughing and blushing.

"Yes, dearest," Harvey answered, with a sort of tender gayety, "the casting vote is yours."

These two young people had been waiting for each other so long, and each understood the other's heart so thoroughly, that coyness would have been a mere pretense.

"Say 'Yes,'" urged Harvey, "and send we happy on my journey."

"Yes," she said.

(To be continued.)

CHAPTER XV.

Harvey lay and held on to the stranger's beard, and the stranger, who was extended on the broad of his back, stared hard and unthinkingly at the ceiling. The corridor was brilliantly illuminated by this time, and new observers were dribbling into it every instant. The manager had arrived, and was questioning one or two of his servants as to what had happened. Harvey was beginning to come to himself.

"This fellow," he said, "ran into me like a madman. "I believe he came out of that lady's room."

"Who is he?" asked the manager, addressing one of the waiters.

"Gentleman in number nineteen, sir," said the waiter. "Came in by the ten to ten to-night."

The gentleman of number nineteen gave no sign of consciousness. He stared without the slightest change of countenance, without so much as a flicker of the eyelid, straight above him, and the lookers on were somewhat alarmed about him. One of them, a little more useful than the rest, stooped and began to lift Harvey to his feet, but the fingers of both hands were entangled in the stunned man's beard, and it was seen that the whole side of the face and throat was bruised and bleeding where the wiry, black gray hair had been torn away by Harvey's unconscious but strenuous grasp. The young man's hands were full of hair, as if he had been disemboweling an old fashioned cushion.

"You had better carry this gentleman to number nineteen, and then call a doctor," said the manager. "Mr. Jethroe is not hurt, I trust?"

Mr. Jethroe was led back to his bedroom and comfortably seated in an armchair while the manager questioned him, with all the respect due to Harvey's inheritance of the deceased uncle's million sterling.

Harvey attached a great deal too much importance to the event which had just happened to be inclined to talk about it freely. He contrived to satisfy the manager while keeping his own counsel. The manager had said his respectful good night, and had bowed himself half way out of the room, when a sudden and unexpected message was brought him.

"Would it be possible," the bearer of the message asked, "for Mr. Jethroe to receive a visitor?"

"A visitor?" Harvey demanded, in great astonishment. "I suppose the visitor has a name?"

"The name is Thorne," exclaimed a voice from without, and Harvey dashed into the corridor to welcome the speaker.

"What in the name of wonder brings you here?" he asked, dragging the old gentleman into the room by both hands.

"Accident, dear boy, accident," said Mr. Thorne with a flourishing geniality. "I had business here, and thought Constance was in need of a change, and so I brought her with me."

HOW A FRIENDSHIP GREW

The Story

Whether Hand Sapollo got a more enthusiastic welcome in homes where Sapollo was an old and tried friend, or where it was a stranger, is a question. Where women had come to rely on Sapollo for rapid, thorough cleaning in every part of the house except the laundry, they commenced without loss of time, to avail of this new prize. Grubby little hands, and stained, work-worn older ones, whitened, softened, and smoothed out as if by magic, callous spots disappeared, and complexions cleared. Children ceased their strenuous objections to the scrubbing up process, because it became a

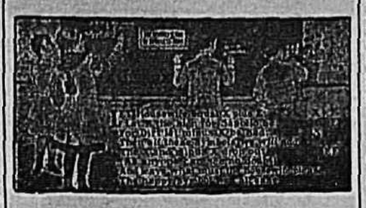
Do you want a clear and healthy Skin?

pleasure. It freshened up the hands after dish-washing, removing the most disagreeable feature of that necessary task. It was found to keep delicate baby skins from chafing better than salve or powder, and the crowning note in the song of delight came when an adult member of the family used it in a full bath, and realized that a

THE FIRST STEP away from self-respect is lack of care in personal cleanliness: the first move in building up a proper pride in man, woman, or child is a visit to the bathtub. You can't be healthy, or pretty, or even good, unless you are clean. Use HAND SAPOLIO. It pleases everyone.

Turkish Bath at a cost of one dollar was outdone by a small fraction of the little, ten-cent, velvety cake.

But, strange though it may seem, there were people who had not learned to prize Sapollo. To these the advertising of Hand Sapollo came as a surprise. Sapollo, a scouring soap, adapted for the hands, the face, the general toilet? Impossible, it would be horrid. Who ever heard of such a use? Finally a bold shopper carried home a cake. Does it look like kitchen Sapollo? No one is sure, and a cake of that is bought, and comparison made. Behold a family using both the Sapollos for every conceivable purpose, and comparing notes! After easily and quickly cleansing a greasy pan with Sapollo, Jane thought the other would be gritty, and was astonished at the smooth, dainty lather. Another was certain it would harden



the hands and could scarcely realize how soft and "comfy" they felt after the washing.

Then began the excitement of adventure; what would the new soap NOT do? A girl tried a shampoo. Her hair, pretty, soft and silky "went up" perfectly, with none of the unmanageableness that generally exists for a full week after the usual process. A man used the delightful lather for shaving, and felt no need for cold cream afterwards. A pimply face was treated to a daily bathing with the full suds, and promptly became clear. Tartar on the teeth yielded to it, and feet that had a tendency to hardening of the skin regained their natural condition, till another family had joined the chorus of friendly acclaim. And so it is everywhere, those who know the "elder brother" welcome the newcomer, for the sake of the first known, and those who meet both for the first time are plunged into a whimsical worry as to which they could better spare if they had to make a choice.

WHY TAKE DAINTY CARE of your mouth and neglect your pores, the myriad mouths of your skin? HAND SAPOLIO does not gloss them over, or chemically dissolve their health-giving oils, yet clears them thoroughly by a method of its own.

TRY HAND SAPOLIO. Its steady use will keep the hands of any busy woman as white, untanned and pretty as if she was under the constant care of a city manicure. It is truly "The Dainty Woman's Friend," in the suburbs or on the farm.

Those ugly dark brown streaks on the neck, arising from tight collars, and the line where the sunburn stops, can be wiped out by the velvety lather of HAND SAPOLIO. It is, indeed, "The Dainty Woman's Friend."

Sport in Newfoundland.

L. F. Brown, the veteran angler and camper, writes in The Country Calendar:

"Brook trout and brown trout are not appreciated in Newfoundland, being far more common than the perch and sunfish of the States. Catching them will soon surfeit the angler who casts his flies from the shore of almost any lake. Such catches are counted by the dozen—one lot of seventy-two dozen being brought aboard the train at Harbor Grace. One dozen ten-inch trout usually sell for 10 cents.

"There are 637 named lakes on the island and 30,000 known ones without names. The island has about 4,000 miles of seacoast, including that of bays like Bonavista, Notre Dame, Fortune, St. Mary's Bonne, St. George, Placentia and Bay of Islands. From one to six streams of clear green water empty into each of these bays. Every stream that reaches salt water is a salmon stream. Back from all that coast are other and easily reached streams that have not even a tradition of a fishnet, rod or hook and lakes never mapped where one may camp and add to the fare wild geese and ducks, willow grouse, whose plumage turns white in winter; ptarmigan, plover and curlew. These camping places bring a unique sense of remoteness and solitude. Only one who has actually seen the wall of darkness around a camp fire in the Newfoundland jungles and over the tundras can understand the tinge of fear that sometimes becomes almost appalling in the vast solitudes."

They Compromised.

"Will you be my wife, Guenivere?"

"No, Charles. I think far too much of you for that. I still want your friendship. Let me be your stenographer. That is the only way in which I can submit to man's dictation."—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

Ignorance would [illegible] more blissful if it was able [illegible] recognize its blissfulness.

The Sensitive Cheek-Bone.

"What is the most sensitive part of our anatomy?" asked an ivory carver.

"The tip of the tongue," said one.

"The finger tips," said another.

"Wrong; both wrong. It is the small patch of skin over the cheek bone that is our most sensitive part," said the ivory carver, "and in smoothing ivory we always test our work on that patch of skin."

He took up a large ball on which he had been working.

"Here," he said. ""Try this. Is it smooth?"

The two visitors tossed the ball in the air and declared it to be smoother than satin or cream.

"Now," said the carver, "test it with your finger tips and your tongue."

These tests were made, and the verdict was given, "still smooth."

"Now test it with your cheek bone."

The visitors in turn rubbed the ivory ball delicately over their cheek bones, and uttered exclamations of amazement.

"By jove, it feels rough!" they said. "The cheek bone must be sensitive."

"Sensitive?" echoed the ivory cutter. "Why the cheek bone is the only part of us that can lay claim to any sensitiveness at all."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Wide Open.

Miss Kreech—Dr. Farrinks seemed quite interested in my singing last evening. He sat directly in front of me during my solo and watched me so attentively.

Miss Knox—I don't think it was your singing. He told me afterward that he made a specialty of tonsils and studied them every chance he got.—Philadelphia Press.

To Meet a Demand.

"What is that crazy-looking edifice?"

"Oh, that is Biffboomer's summer hotel; it accommodates 2,000 people who all insist on second-story front rooms."

Continuous.

Edith—Does he love you very much?

Ethel—Does he? Why, he proposes so often ma's bought a cheap rug for him to kneel on, so he won't wear out our $200 Persian!

Was Too Old for That.

A young lawyer whose love of flowers and all things green and growing compelled him to establish his home in one of the suburban towns of New York invited his old chum, Brown, also of the bar, to spend Sunday on the farm, says the New York Sun.

Brown was received with all appropriate honor, and all the attractions were duly displayed to his polite but not overkeen gaze, for he was somewhat deficient in that primal passion for a garden which has come down through the generations from Adam.

At each meal he listened courteously to eulogies of 'our own make" viands. He bore patiently "our own milk, lettuce from that frame you saw, peas off the vine in the back lot," and so on. But at last it got to this:

"Harry, I can recommend this chicken especially. I raised it myself."

Then the worm turned,—after the first mouthful of chicken,—and with a sad smile remarked:

"No, Will, I can't believe that. You've only been here a little over two years."

Forced Conversation.

H. H. Vincent, so many years stage manager at the St. James, and something of a martinet, was a past master in the art of showing one face to the audience and another to the luckless supers, says M. A. P. For instance, he played the deferential old Stokes in "The Masqueraders," and would be seen mingling with the guests at a hunt ball, humbly pulling his forelock and bowing right and left. In reality "old Stokes" was harassing the aristocratic guests in low but fierce tones thus: "Stand further apart! Talk! Show your dresses! Talk! Talk!"

This and That.

Do good deeds with effect, not for effect.

Words are the carriage in which thoughts ride, so the human body is the soul's chariot.

Only he who lives a life of his own can help the lives of other men.—Phillips Brooks.

Treat your friends for what you know them to be. Regard no surfaces, consider not what they did, but what they intended.—Thoreau.

FEVER LIST GROWS.

STRENUOUS EFFORTS MADE TO CHECK EPIDEMIC.

Disease Has Spread In New Orleans and Louisiana—May Run Until Checked by Its Natural Enemy, Frost—Trade Is Hindered.

The yellow fever plague seems to be growing worse from day to day in New Orleans. The only encouragement offered is that while the plague was particularly malignant during the early stages it is no worse than the fever in 1897. The death rate now is 16 per cent. During the last two weeks in July it was 25 to 30 per cent. Forty-eight per cent, or 466 cases, have been discharged as cured; 33 per cent, or 343 cases, are still under treatment. Up to Wednesday 963 cases had been reported.

The distinguished Archbishop Chapelle, who died a fever victim, was 63 years of age. He was born in France and came to this country in 1859. He was educated at St. Mary's College. He had charges at Baltimore and Washington and was for some years coadjutor to Archbishop Salpointe, of Santa Fe, whom he succeeded. He has been archbishop of New Orleans since 1897 and has been apostolic delegate to Cuba and the Philippines.



LOUIS P. CHAPELLE.

If there were any who believed that the yellow fever epidemic would be checked as soon as the national health authorities had assumed charge, they have been greatly disappointed. The disease has spread in New Orleans and in Louisiana. It is beginning to be feared that it may have to run its course until overcome by its natural enemy, frost. The epidemic had so strong a hold when its presence was recognized that it could not be stamped out at once, no matter what was done. It ought not to have been allowed to gain a hold in New Orleans. Probably it would not if the city had had a better quarantine service. If that service were to be transferred to the national government New Orleans would be less exposed to future yellow fever visitations.

Although the disease is spreading, it is fair to assume that it would have made more rapid progress if the national health officials had not taken charge. They have worked systematically and energetically and have been more successful in securing results in some ways than the local officials have been. They are more thorough and have inspired the public with a greater degree of confidence. The intense alarm which was felt in Mississippi and Texas is subsiding, because the authorities of those States feel that everything possible is being done. They know that there is no suppression of facts and that the worst is being told.

It will be a serious matter for New Orleans if the epidemic is not soon under full control. The extensive fruit trade of the city has been stopped and bananas are becoming a luxury. The oyster canning industry will be interfered with. The business of the city as a grain exporting point will be affected. Trade will in many ways suffer more than in preceding yellow fever epidemics.

Dr. Walter Wyman, who, as surgeon general of the United States, now has charge of the medical operations for suppression of yellow fever at New Orleans, is a distinguished physician. He was born at St. Louis in 1848, was graduated from Amherst in 1870, and three years later from the St. Louis Medical College. He entered the marine hospital corps in 1876, since which time he has been in the service of the government. In 1893 he had charge of measures to ward off cholera, and he suggested and established the first government sanitarium for consumptives at Fort Stanton, N. M. Surgeon General Wyman is a member of many medical and scientific associations, and his name also is on the rolls of the Society of Colonial Wars.



DR. W. WYMAN.

The State Board of Health announces that in the State outside of New Orleans there have been to date 120 cases and 24 deaths. The doctors say the reason negroes do not take it is because their skins are so thick they are not easily inoculated by mosquitoes.

One householder who refused to allow the health officers to enter his premises and fumigate to kill mosquitoes was arrested by the police.

Mayor Forsyth of Monroe, La., called out a company of militia to back up a shotgun quarantine established by citizens of Monroe, who were incensed at the local health board's order raising the bars a little. After calling on the troops the mayor telegraphed Governor Blanchard for authority to use the soldiers, which was promptly granted by the Governor.

The term of the Federal court at Biloxi, Miss., was pretermitted on account of the quarantines.

WORK OF PEACE MEN.

ENVOYS DISCUSSING TERMS AT PORTSMOUTH.

Russians Yield on Seven of Eight Demands Considered, Including the Chinese Railroad—The Powers Bring Strong Pressure on Belligerents.

Portsmouth (N. H.) correspondence:

Five articles of the possible "treaty of Washington" remained to be considered when the peace plenipotentiaries resumed their session at the Portsmouth navy yard Thursday morning—Sakhalin, upon which it had been impossible to agree and which had been passed over; indemnity, limitation upon Russia's sea power, the surrender of the interned warships and the grant of fishing rights on the littoral of the maritive provinces.

Peace prospects seemed distinctly brighter during Thursday. The plenipotentiaries labored with a seriousness and earnestness which left not the slightest doubt that both were anxious to conclude a treaty. Though the main points remained to be contested and the plenipotentiaries of each side spoke as if the conference would go to pieces unless the other side gave way, the spirit of compromise was in the air.

Articles 7 and 8 were disposed of Wednesday, the former "in principle," the latter "unanimously," according to the official bulletins. Article 7 provides for the cession to China of the branch of the Chinese Eastern Railroad running south from Harbin to Port Arthur and Dalny and with a branch line connecting at Newchang with the Shanhaikan-Tientsin road.

Article 8 provides for the retention by Russia of the line through Northern Manchuria, which forms the connecting link of the main line of the Trans-Siberian and Usurri Railroad with its terminal at Vladivostok and Khabarovsk.

Russia Gives Up Water Outlet.

Russia, by acceptance of these two articles in connection with articles 2, 3, 4 and 6, surrenders every vestige of her ambition in Manchuria. She closes the door to the warm water, ice-free port of Dalny, upon which she lavished her millions, and retains only, as a commercial road, the link of railroad connecting her European possessions with the maritime provinces upon the Pacific. The right to police it with Russian troops or railroad guards is given up, and its protection will become the duty of China.

Russia has yielded to Japan on all questions which precipitated the war. She has agreed to the evacuation of Manchuria, has promised to preserve as far as possible the integrity of China and has not opposed the cession of the Chinese Eastern Railway to the celestial empire.

The Russian envoys Thursday seemed ready to accede to Japan's demands on all but two points. These were the giving up of Sakhalin and reimbursement for the cost of the war. The Mikado's ambassadors had allowed it to be understood that they would insist upon these things, but few of those watching events believed these questions would be allowed to block the peace negotiations. By yielding to the contentions of Japan in every other instance Russia acknowledges defeat and gives to her enemy all that was asked before the war.

The terms of the treaty, as submitted by Japan, have not been regarded by the world as unreasonable or exorbitant. Nobody expects a victor to give up all the legitimate spoils of victory. Japan has won everything in this war, but the greatest of the things she has won is national prestige. This cannot be affected by peace terms. Aside from this the question resolves itself into a matter of commercialism, an affair of "dicker."

Japan's demand that Manchuria be restored to China, and that all privileges in the territory claimed by Russia be retroceded to that empire, has appealed to the nations of the world as eminently fair, while we may well comprehend the delicate subtlety of Japanese diplomacy in requiring Russia to recognize the "open door." The American people, while fully appreciating the import of that paragraph, will feel doubly grateful for the compliment thus paid to the statecraft of the lamented Hay.

The Chinese Eastern road is T-shaped. The stem runs from Harbin south. The top runs from the station in Manchuria on the Amur to Pogranitchnaia, where it connects with the government-owned Usurri road to the coast. It was this "cut-off" which more than anything else paved the way for what is known as the "Manchurian adventure," changing the whole plan of M. Witte, while Minister of Finance. His object had been only to make of Dalny a commercial entrepot for foreign trade, but, with the strategic railroad behind them, the "war party's" aggressive policy began.

The shares of the Chinese Eastern Company consists of 2,500,000, which, in the form of a single certificate, are held in the coffers of the Russo-Chinese bank as trustee. The 4 per cent bonds issued from time to time for its construction were guaranteed by the Russian government and amount to more than $200,000,000.

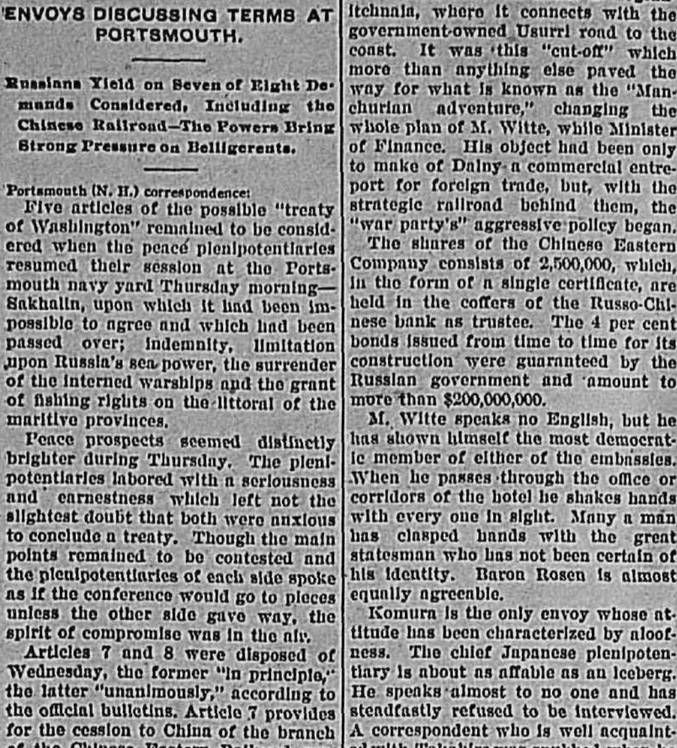
M. Witte speaks no English, but he has shown himself the most democratic member of either of the embassies. When he passes through the office or corridors of the hotel he shakes hands with every one in sight. Many a man has clasped hands with the great statesman who has not been certain of his identity. Baron Rosen is almost equally agreeable.

Komura is the only envoy whose attitude has been characterized by aloofness. The chief Japanese plenipotentiary is about as affable as an iceberg. He speaks almost to no one and has steadfastly refused to be interviewed. A correspondent who is well acquainted with Takahira was snubbed when he asked the Japanese minister to give him an introduction to Komura.

Pressure by the Powers.

England, it has been claimed, was putting the thumbscrews on Japan, while Germany and France had Russia in a corner arguing with her and threatening. President Roosevelt has been in close touch with the situation, pleading for peace. In addition to all these powerful influences the money kings of the world sent word to Portsmouth that the fighting must end.

In consequence the proposition was advanced that if the envoys should settle ten of the disputed questions, leaving the cession of Sakhalin Island and the indemnity unsettled and completing a treaty to this point, possibly the home governments of the two countries might reach an understanding on these points even if the conference should adjourn in a deadlock.



WHAT THE JAPANESE PEACE TERMS MEAN.



Michigan laws prohibit the employment of any child under 14 years old.

Brockton (Mass.) steamfitters have obtained an increase to $3.50 a day.

There are more than 900 women teamsters and draymen in the United States.

General farm wages in Arkansas have fallen from $18 a month to $10 within fifteen to twenty years.

One business house in Chicago reports that the abandonment of the union label for a few months cost it $47,000.

National headquarters of the Amalgamated Leather Workers of America will be removed from Philadelphia to Newark, N. J.

Detroit (Mich.) garbage drivers have received an increase of 50 cents a week, making their wages $11, and double pay for all overtime.

A project to establish homes for incapacitated trade unionists has been taken up for consideration by the United Association of Plumbers.

There is current rumor of an effort to throw the new Industrial Workers of the World organization into a revolutionary party and to violate the accepted constitution by at once affiliating in politics.

An effort will be made by the union labor bodies on the Pacific coast to enlist the aid of the secret societies of the country in support of the anti-Japanese agitation.

Representatives of fourteen of the big structural building trades organizations of Boston, Mass., are proceeding with the formation of a structural building trades alliance in that city.

Fred Scheltinger, a Louisville employer, threatens to sue the president of the Sheet Metal Workers for $40,000 damages, alleging libel in declaring Scheltinger unfair to union labor.

Fooled.

A regiment of soldiers was drawn up for church parade in the barrack square, but the church was being repaired and could only hold half of them.

"Sergeant-major," shouted the colonel, "tell all the men who don't want to go to church to fall out on the reverse flank."

Of course a large number quickly and gladly availed themselves of the privilege.

"Now, sergeant-major," said the colonel, "dismiss all the men who did not fall out and march the others to church; they need it most."—London Standard.

The Reason Why.

Drummond, Wis., Aug. 21.—(Special.)—Whole families in Bayfield county are singing the praises of Dodd's Kidney Pills and the reason why is given in experiences such as that of Mr. T. T. Wold, a well-known citizen here.

"I had such pains in my back that I did not know what to do," says Mr. Wold, "and as I came across an advertisement of Dodd's Kidney Pills, I sent for a box. That one box relieved me of all my pains. My wife also used them and found them just what she needed. I recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills as a sure cure for Backache and other Kidney Troubles."

Backache is one of the earliest symptoms of Kidney Disease. Dodd's Kidney Pills cure it promptly and permanently and prevent it developing into Rheumatism, Dropsy, Diabetes or Bright's Disease.

Friendly Criticism.

"Texas," remarked Jaggsby, "is a great place for snakes. I once saw a green and yellow snake down there 77 feet long and as big round as a whisky barrel."

"Well, I don't doubt it," rejoined Waggsby, "but it's doughnuts to fudge you saw the whisky barrel before you saw the snake."

To Destroy Slugs on Roses.

After much experimenting with insect powders, sprays, etc., I have learned from a florist a very simple and effective means of keeping rose bushes free from slugs. Use plenty of strong Ivory Soap suds around the roots and on the foliage. This will prevent insects and cause the plants to be perfectly healthy.
ELEANOR R. PARKER.

Lucrezia Borgia.

Lucrezia Borgia was a singularly beautiful woman, with gray eyes and yellow hair. It was said of her that her upper eyelids drooped over more than half the iris, so as to give the eye a languid expression. She had a peculiar trick of looking steadily sideways at those with whom she conversed, and this peculiarity invariably excited distrust in those who observed it. She was singularly gifted in conversation and repartee and could hold her own in any company.

The Average Storm Wave.

The average storm wave is thirty feet in height. The highest storm waves ever measured were between forty-four and forty-eight feet high. The gigantic force of storm waves is shown by the fact that at Skerryvore lighthouse, off the west coast of Scotland, a mass of rock weighing five and a half tons was once hurled to a height of seventy-two feet above the sea level, while a mass weighing thirteen and a half tons was torn from a cliff seventy-four feet high.

Before and After Taking.

Askitt—Se[illegible] believe it is possible for two people to live as cheaply as one?

Knoitt—After reading all the statistics I could find on the subject before I married I was convinced that they could, but——

Askitt—Well?

Knoitt—After I had been married three months I lost all faith in statistics.

More Satisfactory.

Dr. Cubebs—Well, what did that miserable old quack accomplish whom you had after me?

Mr. Enpeck—Under his skillful treatment my wife has entirely lost her voice. Had you done as well there would have been no occasion for calling in another doctor.

WRONG SORT.

Perhaps Plain Old Meat, Potatoes and Bread May Be Against You for a Time.

A change to the right kind of food can lift one from a sick bed. A lady in Welden, Ill., says:

"Last spring I became bed-fast with severe stomach trouble, accompanied by sick headache. I got worse and worse until I became so low I could scarcely retain any food at all, although I tried every kind. I had become completely discouraged, had given up all hope and thought I was doomed to starve to death, till one day my husband trying to find something I could retain brought home some Grape-Nuts.

"To my surprise the food agreed with me, digested perfectly and without distress. I began to gain strength at once, my flesh (which had been flabby) grew firmer, my health improved in every way and every day, and in a very few weeks I gained 20 pounds in weight. I liked Grape-Nuts so well that for four months I ate no other food, and always felt as well satisfied after eating as if I had sat down to a fine banquet.

"I had no return of the miserable sick stomach nor of the headaches, that I used to have when I ate other food. I am now a well woman, doing all my own work again, and feel that life is worth living.

"Grape-Nuts food has been a godsend to my family; it surely saved my life and my two little boys have thriven on it wonderfully." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Get the little book, "The Wellville," in each

HERE'S A WAY TO SAVE DOCTOR BILLS.

Physicians Give Free Advice by Which Parents May Profit.

It's a matter of general interest just now how one's physical condition can be got into shape to best receive the benefits of the summer season. Especially is this true of the children. They have become run down by a winter of unnatural manner of living because of ill-considered food and much time spent indoors. Spring comes with its sunshine, its fresh vegetables and all else invigorating, but the children are in no condition to receive nature's remedies.

Many parents call in the family physician. Many other parents take advantage of what the physician told them when he was first called in consultation. All good family physicians say: "Give the children Castoria." Healthy parents know this remedy of old, for they took it themselves as children. It was more than thirty years ago that Castoria made a place for itself in the household. It bore the signature of Charles H. Fletcher then, as it does to-day. The signature is its guarantee, which is accepted in thousands of homes where there are children.

Much is printed nowadays about big families. Dr. William I. McCann of Omaha, Neb., is the father of one of these much-read-about families. Here is what he says:

"As the father of thirteen children I certainly know something about your great medicine, and aside from my own family experience I have, in my years of practice, found Castoria a popular and efficient remedy in almost every home."

Charles H. Fletcher has received hundreds of letters from prominent physicians who have the same esteem for Castoria that Dr. McCann has. Not only do these physicians say they use Castoria in their own families, but they prescribe it for their clients. First of all it is a vegetable preparation which assimilates the food and regulates the stomach and bowels. After eating comes sleeping, and Castoria looks out for that, too. It allays feverishness and prevents loss of sleep, and this absolutely without the use of opium, morphine or other baneful narcotic.

Medical journals are reluctant to discuss proprietary medicines. Hall's Journal of Health, however, says: Our duty is to expose danger and record the means for advancing health. The day for poisoning innocent children through greed or ignorance ought to end. To our knowledge Castoria is a remedy which produces composure and health by regulating the system, not by stupefying it, and our readers are entitled to the information."

DISHONESTY AT THE CIRCUS.

Crookedness in the Air, as the Experienced Showman Proved.

"When the circus comes to town everybody goes crooked," observed a side-show orator out of the wealth of his experience. And just before the performance in the big tent he proved it to me—in a way. He told me beforehand what he was going to do, and it was a test. A stranger gave him a $5 bill in payment for seven side-show tickets. The man in the "pulpit" thrust at him the tickets and a handful of silver. He had purposely "short-changed" him to the extent of $1. By the time the stranger had reached the side-show entrance he discovered the shortage. In two strides he was in front of the ticket seller's "pulpit" clamoring "fraud."

"Yew've swindled me outen a dollar!" he shouted. The ticket seller heard him through, apologized and gave him two fresh, clean $1 bills, one of which lay evenly upon the other. Without a word the man seized them and dashed into the tent. I followed him, knowing precisely what had been done. Joining his friends, he told them of the mistake the ticket seller had made and laughed over the ease with which the circus had defrauded itself for his benefit. The shoe had slipped to the other foot, you see. He had "beat a circus"; it was the sum of his ambition; his wildest hopes had been realized.

He was watching the "Mexican knife thrower" when a hand touched his shoulder. He looked up into the eyes of the ticket seller.

"Come out here a minute," said the latter, and drew him to one side.

Then he explained in an undertone: "My friend, I thought I'd test you. I did 'short-change' you a dollar. Oh, I knew you'd be back. I gave you your dollar. You were entitled to it. But in addition I gave you another dollar—a bill—a fresh, clean $1 bill. I waited a while, but I couldn't see you tearin' a hole in that canvas to get to me with it. Now, my friend, shell out that dollar before I knock your bloomin' head off."

He shelled.

"Didn't I tell you?" observed the side-show man to me as he mounted his "pulpit" and cleared his throat.

And I was compelled to nod agreement.—Pilgrim.

Man's Inhumanity.

Mrs. Naggsby—Oh, dear! I feel perfectly miserable this morning.

Naggsby—I'm glad to hear it, my dear.

Mrs. Naggsby—What! Do you mean to say you are glad that I am miserable?

Naggsby—Yes; a woman, you know, is never happy unless she is miserable.

Waning of the Honeymoon.

The Groom—I hope, dear, that you do not object to my smoking.

The Bride—C-certainly not—if y-you don't object t-to my being s-sick.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot and Sweating Feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The sweet potato is supposed to be an American plant, but is now cultivated all over the tropical world. It is a leading article of diet in the center of the Dark Continent.

Lewis' "Single Binder" straight 5c cigar. Price to [illegible]alers $36.00 per M. They cost some more [illegible] than other brands, but no more than a good 5c cigar should cost. [illegible]ewis' Factory, P[illegible]

[illegible] use Piso's Cure for [illegible] consumption in preference to any other [illegible] cough medicine.
Mrs. E. E. Borden, 442 P street, Washington, D. C., May 25, 1901.

SORE HANDS, SORE FEET.

Itching, Burning Palms and Painful Finger Ends—Complete Cure by Cuticura.

One Night Treatment: Soak the hands or feet on retiring, in a strong, hot, creamy lather of Cuticura Soap. Dry, and anoint freely with Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure and purest of emollients. Wear, during the night, old, loose kid gloves, or bandage lightly in old, soft cotton or linen. For red, rough and chapped hands, dry, fissured, itching, feverish palms, with brittle, shapeless nails and painful finger ends, this treatment is simply wonderful, a single treatment affording the most grateful relief, and pointing to a speedy, permanent and economical cure. In no other ailment have Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment been more effective.

Enthusiasm in Life.

Enthusiasm in life is the great generator of sunshine. Without a living interest in the busy world and that sympathy of feeling which connects us with every other living being, we can not infuse any warmth into our manners, or bring others into sympathy with us, says the New Orleans Times. Helen Keller, whose sunshiny soul is as sensitive to impressions as a delicate flower is to atmosphere, in her "Story of My Life," writes: "The touch of a hand may seem an impertinence, while that of another is like a benediction. I have met people so empty of joy that when I clasped their frosty finger tips it seemed as if I were shaking hands with a northeast storm. Others there are whose fingers have sunbeams in them; their grasp warms my heart."

It is as natural for us to be attracted toward sunshiny natures as it is for flowers to turn toward the sun. In spite of a life of almost constant illness, Robert Louis Stevenson charmed all who came under his influence by his spontaneous cheerfulness and absolute freedom from all shadow of bitterness or repining, comments Success. He found the keynote of each day in this simple prayer, born of his own inspiration: "The day returns and brings us the petty round of irritating concerns and duties. Help us to play the man; help us to perform them with laughter and kind faces; let cheerfulness abound with industry. Give us help to go blithely on our business all the day; bring us to our resting beds weary and content and undishonored and grant us in the end the gift of sleep."

LOST 72 POUNDS.

Was Fast Drifting Into the Fatal Stages of Kidney Sickness.

Dr. Melvin M. Page, Page Optical Co., Erie, Pa., writes: "Taking too many iced drinks in New York in 1895 sent me home with a terrible attack of kidney trouble. I had acute congestion, sharp pain in the back, headaches and attacks of dizziness. My eyes gave out, and with the languor and sleeplessness of the disease upon me I wasted from 194 to 122 pounds. At the time I started using Doan's Kidney Pills an abscess was forming on my right kidney. The trouble was quickly checked, however, and the treatment cured me, so that I have been well since 1896 and weigh 188 pounds."



Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents per box.

A French suggestion for preventing automobiles from "scorching" is to forbid the use of masks and goggles.

"I had Inflammatory Rheumatism, but I am well now, thanks to Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. It's my best friend." Garrett Lansing, Troy, N. Y.

Blue eyes belong to people of an enthusiastic turn of mind.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

Do You Know

That death may lurk in your walls?

In the rotting paste under wall paper; in the decaying glue or other animal matter in hot water kalsomines (bearing fanciful names)? Use nothing but

Alabastine
THE SANITARY WALL COATING

Destroys disease germs and vermin.

A Rock Cement in white and delicate tints. Does not rub or scale. You can brush it on—mix with cold water. Exquisitely beautiful effects produced. Other finishes, mixed with either hot or cold water, do not have the cementing property of Alabastine. They are stuck on with glue, or other animal matter which rots, feeding disease germs, rubbing, scaling, and spoiling walls, clothing, etc. Buy Alabastine only in five pound packages, properly labeled. Tint card, pretty wall and ceiling design, "Hints on Decorating" and our artists' services in making color plans, free.

ALABASTINE CO.,
Grand Rapids, Mich., or 105 Water St., N. Y.

BUY THIS 5 Acres, $50. Small monthly payments; near good towns; truck, poultry, good soil. Charles Smith, Nettleton, Arkansas

FREE RIDE To Oklahoma—Improved farms; quarters $1,200 up; great grass, cereal, fodder, maize, cotton country. F. Lewis, Granite, Oklahoma

Doctor Brigham Says

MANY PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

The wonderful power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound over the diseases of womankind is not because it is a stimulant, not because it is a palliative, but simply because it is the most wonderful tonic and reconstructor ever discovered to act directly upon the generative organs, positively curing disease and restoring health and vigor.

Marvelous cures are reported from all parts of the country by women who have been cured, trained nurses who have witnessed cures and physicians who have recognized the virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and are fair enough to give credit where it is due.

If physicians dared to be frank and open, hundreds of them would acknowledge that they constantly prescribe Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in severe cases of female ills, as they know by experience it can be relied upon to effect a cure. The following letter proves it.

Dr. S. C. Brigham, of 4 Brigham Park, Fitchburg, Mass., writes:

"It gives me great pleasure to say that I have found Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound very efficacious, and often prescribe it in my practice for female difficulties.

"My oldest daughter found it very beneficial for uterine trouble some time ago, and my youngest daughter is now taking it for a female weakness, and is surely gaining in health and strength.

"I freely advocate it as a most reliable specific in all diseases to which women are subject, and give it honest endorsement."

Women who are troubled with painful or irregular menstruation, bloating (or flatulence), leucorrhœa, falling, inflammation or ulceration of the uterus, ovarian troubles, that bearing-down feeling, dizziness, faintness, indigestion, nervous prostration or the blues, should take immediate action to ward off the serious consequences, and be restored to perfect health and strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and then write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for further free advice. No living person has had the benefit of a wider experience in treating female ills. She has guided thousands to health. Every suffering woman should ask for and follow her advice if she wants to be strong and well.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature
Brent Good

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC



FOR WOMEN

troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES

For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.

Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.

THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

Cheaper Lands

BETTER CROPS

That is the story in a nutshell of the wonderful Canadian Wheat Lands which we now offer for settlement AT $12.50 PER ACRE on easy terms. Sell your high-priced farm and buy this best wheat land in the world. Good schools, water, climate and railroad facilities. Write us now for our offer to allow one farmer in each locality to accompany one of our grand excursions and inspect this wonderful land. Full description mailed free. Write to-day to NORTHWEST LAND & TRUST CO., Peoria, Ill

PISO'S CURE FOR 25 CTS.
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

CHEAP FARM 1,200 acre farm, located in Northwest Missouri, one-half dry bottom blue grass pasture, balance upland, almost level; substantial improvements; cost over $75,000. Price $35 Per Acre. Actually worth $55. Must sell soon. Easy terms. Write for complete description. R. S. Liggett, Stanbury, Mo

FOR SALE Choice 320 acre Iowa Farm, 6 miles from Britt, 5 miles from Woden, 5 miles from Hutchings; half mile from school; on R. F. D.; all fenced, well improved, at only $55 Per Acre. Address owner. T. H. KENEFICK, Belmond, Iowa

PEDEZO A Medicated Antiseptic Remedy for sore, perspiring or tired feet; chilblains, bunions, callosities, corns and all other foot ailments; satisfaction guaranteed or money returned; trial box 10c. Hollis Mfg. Co., Jamaica, N.Y.

DRUNKENNESS AND DRUG HABIT CURED. SANITARIUM, EDISON PARK, ILL. No Bad Results; No Restraint. Chicago office, 14-151 Randolph Street. Send for FREE BOOKLET

If afflicted with sore Eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

Men Wanted Everywhere to make $3 to $10 a day clearing monuments and tombstones; experience unnecessary. Address E. S. KARNS, 485 Howen Avenue, Chicago, Illinois

LEGAL ADVICE will be sent you upon receipt of your facts in writing and $1.00. Confidential. COUNSELOR, P. O. Box 844, Chicago

SAVE YOUR TEETH Thread Cutting Thimble sells like wild fire. Sample 10 cts. Address C. TOMLIN, Box 45, St. Paul, Minnesota

S. N. U. No. 34—1905

IN writing to Advertisers, please do not fail to mention you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year.
THE FAMILY'S FAVORITE MEDICINE
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
10c. 25c. 50c. All Druggists
BEST FOR THE BOWELS

THE NEWS.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
A. B. JOHNSON, - Publisher

By Mail, One Dollar Per Year, in Advance.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Some of the Philadelphia editors have the yellow fever all the year round.

John D. Rockefeller is practicing the Kneipp cure as a method of mixing oil and water.

Indiana and Illinois may have to collaborate on a little navy in order to thwart their saucy gamblers.

As soon as LaFollette decided to accept the Senatorial toga plans for an extra session of Congress were practically abandoned.

Time brings its changes. Chicago preachers are defending the money changers, instead of driving them from the temple.

As compensation for not calling it an "indemnity" Japan may feel it necessary to put the figures for a reimbursement a little higher.

It is cheering to learn from the Fiala-Ziegler explosers that the ice crop at the north pole promises to be a record breaker again this year.

Styles change with the seasons. This time last year we were paying as much attention to Esopus as we are now giving to Portsmouth.

Before fixing the amount of the indemnity, Japan may desire to have Russia look around and see how much it can raise among its friends.

Having ruled that frog legs are poultry, it will be interesting to know how Secretary Shaw will classify a presidential boom imported from Manila.

After the peace envoys at Portsmouth have completed their labors, they may have to submit their agreement to J. Pierpont Morgan for ratification.

This attempt to prove that Vermont belongs to Canada seems like a scheme to put Mr. Shaw out of the presidential running. He was born in Vermont.

The unhappy condition of Russia is emphasized by the fact that the assembling of a national congress there, is looked upon with great pleasure by the people.

The Indiana youth who kissed two young ladies, got ten days in jail. That seems to be cheap considering the attractiveness of Indiana girls. He probably thinks it was worth it.

A reduction has been made in the price of light in Philadelphia. So much light has been turned on affairs over there that reduction should result from the use of wholesale quantities.

Kaiser Declined the Offer.

An idiotically sensational paper in New York recently asked Emperor William of Germany to contribute an article on the war in the far east, the article to be signed. A check for $5,000 was inclosed with the request. By return mail came a decidedly curt note to the effect that the emperor had no desire to write for such a publication on any subject, and especially on the Russo-Japanese war. Of course the check was returned.

Valuable in Business.

Learn to "get along" with men in a business and social way as an adjunct to your business capacities. Whether it be natural or an acquired virtue it will count for much in the career of any man.

Awfully Funny.

"What are you laughing at, Mr. Smith?"

"One of your father's stories, Miss Kjones."

"Oh, don't you think papa's funny?"

"Positively ridiculous."

Cure for Leprosy.

By means of the leprolin serum, a temporary cure has been effected in a number of cases under the care of the mission of lepers in India, and the patients are kept in special observation wards.

Test for Diamonds.

One test for distinguishing diamonds from glass and paste is to touch them with the tongue. The diamond feels much the colder.

Many Persons Disappear.

More than 5,000 persons annually disappear in the United States and are never heard from again.

Value of Child Saving.

If we save a child we save a unit; if we save a child we save a multiplication table.—Rev. S. Carroll Myers.

British Railroads Well Manned.

American railroads have six employes for every mile of track and the British roads have twenty-eight.

Income of Oxford College.

The income of Oxford University is slightly under $350,000 a year.

Ayer's

This falling of your hair! Stop it, or you will soon be bald. Give your hair some Ayer's Hair Vigor. The falling will stop, the hair will

Hair Vigor

grow, and the scalp will be clean and healthy. Why be satisfied with poor hair when you can make it rich?

"My hair nearly all came out. I then tried Ayer's Hair Vigor and only one bottle stopped the falling. New hair came in real thick and just a little curly."—Mrs. L. M. Smith, Saratoga, N. Y.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

Thick Hair

England's First Brick Building.

The oldest brick building in England, except those built by the Romans, is said to be Hurstmonceaux castle, in Sussex, which was erected by Detiennes, treasurer to Henry VI. It was dismantled about a century ago.

Bride Cake.

Our bride cake, which invariably accompanies a wedding, and which should always be cut by the bride, may be traced back to the old Roman form of marriage by a confarreatio, or eating together.—Lubbock, "Origin of Civilization."

Trailing Dresses Barred.

The authorities of Nordhausen, Saxony, have forbidden the use of the streets to any person wearing an article of dress that sweeps the pavement. Offenders are to be fined 30 marks.

"I had diabetes in its worst form," says Marion Lee, of Dunreath, Ind. "I tried eight physicians without relief. Only three bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure made me a well man." Sold by J. H. Swan.

Musicians Play Chess.

At a London theater, at which a musical play is having a long run, the members of the orchestra play chess on miniature boards during the waits between acts.

Dangers to Be Avoided.

To live beyond one's income is unwise; to live below that of one's neighbor is criminal. It is dangerous to be out of London in June; one's absence may not be noticed.—Books of To-day.

Too Much "Hustling."

We work too nervously. Also we play too hard. Strenuousness has been over-preached. Is it not time to enter a plea for good, old-fashioned leisure?—New York Public Opinion.

Foley's Kidney Cure is a medicine free from poisons and will cure any case of kidney disease that is not beyond the reach of medicine. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Japan's Only Lake.

Lake Riwa is the only large sheet of fresh water in Japan worthy of mention. It is thirty-six miles long, twelve miles wide, and its greatest depth about 300 feet.

Uncle Allen.

"They say worth makes the man," philosophized Uncle Allen Sparks, "but nowadays he has to be worth a million to be much of a man."

Italic Type.

Script is called italic; the italic type was invented in Italy, about 1500, by Aldus Manutius, who is said to have imitated Petrarch's handwriting.

Foley's Kidney Cure will cure all diseases arising from disordered kidneys or bladder. Sold by J. H. Swan.

One of the Leisure Class.

A statistician has estimated that the bees must visit 62,000,000 beds of clover to produce one pound of honey. The man who figures out these things knows what leisure is.

Pearls on California Coast.

The whole coast of the Gulf of California abounds in pearls, and last year $350,000 worth was harvested in Lower California alone.

Locomotive Needs Much Oil.

A passenger locomotive needs about 120 gallons of oil each year to keep it in running order.

Camel's Load.

The ordinary load for a camel is from nine to ten hundred pounds.

CONTINUE

Those who are gaining flesh and strength by regular treatment with

Scott's Emulsion

should continue the treatment in hot weather; smaller dose and a little cool milk with it will do away with any objection which is attached to fatty products during the heated season.

Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

The Trouble.

Let us face the trouble—
Toil an' be content;
Stars won't reduce the gasbill,
Dreams won't pay the rent.
Highway an' byway,
Trouble in the air;
An' when you walk skyway,
There's trouble waitin' there.

Coincidences in Lives.

Capt. N. M. Brooks, superintendent of foreign mails in the postoffice department of the government, was born on the same day as President McKinley. They were each the seventh child of their parents, entered the army together at the age of 18, and were mustered out of the service on the same day. On the 31st of July Capt. Brooks will have seen thirty-three years of continuous service in the postoffice department.

Consumption Threatened.

C. Unger, 211 Maple street, Champaign, Ill., writes: "I was troubled with a hacking cough for a year and I thought I had consumption. I tried a great many remedies and was under the care of physicians for severl months. I used one bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar. It cured me, and I have not been troubled since. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Antelope Horn Trumpets.

Emperor William has added to the German army trumpeters provided with instruments three feet in length and made from antelopes' horns, specially brought from German Southwest Africa. The new trumpets are said to provide music of a wonderful character.

American "Gullibility."

The same Canadian traveler made another remark which bears out what I have often said. It was that the Americans, in spite of their reputed shrewdness, are the most easily gulled people on earth by those who know how to get at them.—London Truth.

The American Woman's Home.

Hundreds of thousands of American women are born, live their lives and die in boarding-houses or hotels without ever finding time to create a home for themselves, or without even feeling a desire to do so.—The House Beautiful.

Beautiful Savages?

Women more nearly attain the stature of men among savages than among civilized races. Our athletic young ladies, with free-swinging limbs and beautiful, clear, penetrating voices, as Mr. H. G. Wells describes them, may, after all, be a reversion.—Mind.

Australian Wireless Lines.

The International Telegraph Construction Company has submitted a scheme to the Postmaster-General of Australia for the erection of wireless telegraph stations linking New Zealand and Australia direct.

To Cure a Felon.

Take common rock salt. Dry in oven, pound fine. Mix with spirits of turpentine in equal parts. Put in a rag and wrap around the felon. As it dries put on more. It is said to cure in twenty-four hours.

Quick Relief for Asthma Sufferers.

Foleys Honey and Tar affords immediate relief to asthma sufferers in the worst stages and if taken in time will effect a cure. Sold by J. H. Swan.

Buhl Work.

Buhl work is said to be very popular now in England. It is furniture made of wood, tortoise shell or other costly material, pierced and inlaid with metal or pearl.

Tightness of Boots and Shoes.

This exceedingly uncomfortable feeling can be relieved by rubbing the shoes well with olive or castor oil while they are on the feet and allowing it to dry in.

Would Revive Old Method.

A school of artists in England is endeavoring to revive the antique method of painting with the yolk of eggs instead of oil. This method was superseded about five centuries ago by the modern method.

New Dance in London.

One of the attractions at the Palace theater, London, is a "dance" in which eight girls take part, lying flat on their backs and going through the motions of a dance with their feet.

Curative Serum for Typhoid.

Dr. William Royal Stokes and Dr. John S. Fulton of the Maryland Board of Health, insist that they have discovered a curative serum for typhoid fever, after a four years' search.

Why Suffer with Headaches?

If caused by Defective Eyes, a pair of Glasses Properly Fitted an worn will overcome them.

MISS EMMERT, EXPERT OPTICIAN,

who is well known in this vicinity, will be at

THE LUX HOTEL, ANTIOCH,

All of Next Week or until Saturday, September 2,

Giving Free Tests and Examinations of Eyes.

There are thousands of people in every community throughout the entire world who are daily sufferers from headaches, stomach troubles, nervousness, dizziness, indigestion, dyspepsia, etc., etc., and who are spending money freely for doctors' prescriptions and drugs and powders, when there is nothing needed but a properly fitted pair of spectacles to overcome every vestige of trouble. Perhaps you are suffering and can only obtain temporary relief, being in doubt as to the cause of your trouble.

IT MAY BE YOUR EYES—HAVE THEM EXAMINED.

When you decide you need glasses, you naturally think, "Who is the best optician to fit them?" Miss Emmert, having had 11 years' experience in examining eyes and fitting glasses, can furnish you with just what you want. She examines the eyes carefully and uses none but the best lenses ground especially to fit every defect. She asks no questions, but after a careful examination she tells her patients just where and how they are most likely to be affected. : : : :



MISS BERTHA EMMERT
Exclusive Expert Optician
1149 Jackson Blvd., Chicago

PRICES REASONABLE.

She is not a traveling optician in the true sense of its meaning. Her object is to open an office in Antioch and return at regular intervals. She will make any necessary changes of lenses fitted by her free any time within two years.

NO ONE URGED TO BUY.

A HIGH TRIBUTE.

The President of the Optical Institute of which Miss Emmert is a graduate pays her the following high tribute: "Of all the students who have attended our college and have come under our instructions and my personal observation, none began to equal Miss Emmert in the grasp of all the delicate mechanism required to be thoroughly understood in optical work; none possessed any such skill as she in the scientific understanding and diagnosis of the various cases under her care, so that she went out from our institute and still stands as the highest type of lady opticians we have ever graduated."

Ever since attending school my daughter Neva suffered with sick headaches, which we supposed were caused by a weak stomach, and was obliged to stay out of school many times in consequence. Since wearing glasses fitted by Miss Emmert the only headache she has had was when she went to school without her glasses. Miss Emmert also fitted me with a pair of bifocal glasses which I like very much.

MRS. STEPHEN DARRELL, Wauconda, Ill.

Glasses fitted me by Miss Emmert have entirely overcome a headache in the back of my head, running down into the shoulders. They are a great comfort to me, as I can now read, sew and see at a distance, with great pleasure and ease. I would not be without them for any consideration, as it certainly is no hardship to wear glasses when you become accustomed to them.

MRS. F. RETTIG, De Kalb, Ill.

MRS. JOSEPH SCHULTZ, of Cary, says:

I wish to express my gratitude for the relief and satisfaction I am receiving from a pair of glasses fitted me by Miss Emmert, the expert optician of Chicago. For many years I have been troubled with terrible headaches, which almost drove me insane. I never could have a bit of pleasure, as I always returned home with one of these headaches. Since wearing the glasses I have been entirely free from them, and have been able to read and sew with plenty of comfort. Money would not buy the glasses under any circumstances were I unable to procure another pair exactly like them.

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For further information, lists of farms or industrial openings, excursion rates, etc., and our beautiful pamphlet on Virginia, address

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DO YOU CARE TO KNOW OF THE MARVELOUS DEVELOPMENT NOW GOING ON IN

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OF INNUMERABLE OPPORTUNITIES FOR YOUNG MEN OR OLD ONES---TO GROW RICH?

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has Money To Loan
on good improved farms at 5 per cent interest Inquire
t29 BANK OF ANTIOCH.

ADJOINING TOWNS

From our Staff of Able Correspondents.

LAKE VILLA, ILL.

Capt. Bradley is away on a vacation.

Olive Nelson returned home Wednesday.

Mr. Chas. Hamlin and Mr. R. Westlake called on friends at Grayslake Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Hay and her sister Bessie are visiting at Allendale.

Mr. R. Sherwood is putting up a new barn. Hamlin Bros. are doing the work.

L. W. Rowling and Miss Eva drove to Grayslake Monday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Sherman are spending a few days here.

Miss Gertrude Miller is visiting friends in Chicago.

First class dental work guaranteed by F. S. Morrell, McMahon building. 1w3

Maud Smith, of Burlington, Sundayed with friends here.

The Ladies Aid will have another cake sale Saturday.

Mrs. Will Griesmer returned home Saturday night.

Nettie King was in Grayslake between trains Monday afternoon.

Mr. H. Potter has rented his cottage to Mr. V. C. Munson.

Miss Ada Lux, of Antioch, called on friends here Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Sebora Sundayed with Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Wald at Grayslake.

School begins next Monday, Aug. 29, with Mr. Munson as principal and Miss Ethel Collins as primary teacher.

Frank Nelson came home to attend the wedding of his cousin, Miss Stella Rowling.

Dr. Darby and daughter, of Wilmot, visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Darby, Friday.

The ladies of the Sand Lake Cemetery society will meet with Mrs. H. P. Miller, Wednesday afternoon, August 30, 1905. Visitors are cordially invited. Mrs. Fred Hucker, secretary.

The ladies of the Fox Lake Cemetery Association will meet with Mrs. Eva Shultis, Antioch, on Thursday afternoon, August 31, 1905. Visitors cordially invited. Mrs. Tessie Nelson, secretary.

GRAYSLAKE, ILL.

Miss Diver of Waukegan has been spending a few days with Miss Alice Smith.

Miss Addie Fenlon of Ravenswood spent the last of the week with relatives here.

Miss Wi[illegible] Russell has been the guest of Miss Etta [illegible].

The Congregational church is planning to give the harvest offering on Oct. 5-6.

The many friends of Mrs. N. White are sorry to hear of her illness.

The play given at the opera house three nights last week by the Briggs company was very good and crowded every night.

Mrs. Sadie Mead returned home on Monday from Wilmot where she spent a week with the family of H. Darby.

Mr. and Mrs. Re[illegible] family of Deerfield spent Sunday with their sister, Mrs. E. B. Sherman.

I am prepared to do all kinds of dental work and guarantee satisfaction. F. S. Morrell, Lake Villa. 1w3

Mr. Keller of Grayslake recently purchased another residence of Mr. Robinson, the one occupied by Dr. and Mrs. Summerville.

On Friday occurred the sad death of the eight-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Deithorn at their home south of this village. The little girl had gone to the barn at noon wanting to assist her mother in doing the chores. She had gone back of a young colt when it kicked her, breaking her neck, causing instant death. The mother and little brother were in the barn at the time and were soon at her side. The father was at a neighbors threshing. The funeral services were held at the Freemont Center church on Sunday and was largely attended.

On Sunday evening at about eleven o'clock, two men were seen by a neighbor to enter Mr. Bixler's barn, light matches, and take his runabout and a young horse down the street where they hitched it up. The party thinking it was the owner of the rig, kept quiet, but later thinking it strange went to Mr. Bixler and found him at home. The marshal was at once called and messages were sent to the different towns. Marshal Fritsch and Mr. Bixler drove all night and everything possible was done, but up to the present writing no clue to the robbery has been found. The horse was a fine black one and is quite a loss to the owner.

Many persons in this community are suffering from kidney complaint who could avoid fatal results by using Foley's Kidney Cure. Sold by J. H. Swan.

MILLBURN, ILL.

Mrs. A. E. Stewtart returned last Friday.

The Misses Dodge of Peoria are visiting with their aunt, Mrs. John Bonner.

Miss Genevieve Ward of Waukegan is spending a week at Mrs. Denman's.

Mrs. Goven and daughter of Evanston spent last week at Mrs. Baters.

Edwin Denman returned home last Friday.

Mrs. Gavin returned to Chicago Wednesday.

Mrs. Helen Buss returned to Rochester last week.

Miss Marie Popp of Chicago is visiting at Mrs. George Gerritys.

Mr. and Mrs. John Chope and family spent a few days this week in McHenry.

I have opened dental parlors in the McMahon building, Lake Villa, and invite you to call. F. S. Morrell. 1w3

Mr. and Mrs. Johnson and two children of Chicago came out last Sunday to stay a number of weeks in Millburn.

Mr. Harry Bater of Boston, Mass., is here on a visit to his aunt, Mrs. Mary Bater.

Mrs. John Bonner entertained her sister, Mrs. Bonner of Russell one day last week.

Mr. Harry Bater, Miss Carrie Bater and Mr. and Mrs. Cannon spent last Sunday at Henry Baters in Waukegan.

BRISTOL, WIS.

Mr. Wm. Bryant made a business trip to Kenosha on Wednesday of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Stannard and family spent last week camping at the Chatauqua.

Ask Clarence Curtis how he likes to bother the automobiles.

Mrs. Gordon spent Sunday and Monday at the home of Mr. J. Lacy.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Gaines formerly of Merillian, now of Sheboygan, spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. C. B. Gaines.

The Misses Buck, of Sheboygan, are visiting at the home of Dr. and Mrs. F. E. Stevens.

Miss Lulu Rowbottom returned home on Monday last, after spending three weeks with her brother Frank in Houston, Texas.

Miss Jessie Shumway, of Chicago, is visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. Wm. Foulke, of this place.

Misses Cora and Emeline Bishop and Mr. Ward Rowbottom spent Saturday last in Kenosha.

Mrs. Sizer and Miss E. Cotting attended the Chatauqua at Racine on Thursday and Friday of last week.

Mrs. E. A. Moore, of Cary, Ill., spent the greater part of last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Turner, of this place.

TREVOR, WIS

Mrs. Andrew Booth is entertaining a cousin from New York.

Mrs. Rolfe and children left Tuesday to visit her parents in Mukwonago.

Mr. and Mrs. Vanalsdale, of Chicago, are spending the week with their mother Mrs. Emsley.

Arthur Parks and family, accompanied by Mrs. Fiddler and daughter, visited in Lake Villa, Thursday.

On account of sickness at the home of H. Lubano the ice cream social was postponed.

Mr. and Mrs. Douglass and children, of Milwaukee, spent Sunday with Mrs. Stewart and family.

Mrs. Fred Sabin and daughter Lottie, of Watertown, Wis., and Mrs. Louis Hegeman and daughters, of Wilmot, were calling on relatives and friends Thursday.

There has been a change in depot agents at this place. Mr. Rolfe, who has been in charge of Trevor station for six years, has been sent to Burlington. The Camp Lake agents will take Mr. Rolfe's place here.

Foley's Kidney Cure

Will cure Bright's Disease,
Will cure Diabetes,
Will cure Stone in Bladder,
Will cure Kidney and Bladder Diseases.
Sold by J. H. Swan.

Severe on Auto Driver.

In the case of an arrested motor driver at Hailsham, England, the police swore that he was driving at the rate of 37½ miles an hour, and they refused, under cross-examination, to take off even the one-half.

Daily Recitation.

Paw says nothin' but experience kin make the hard-workin' poor believe that the indolent rich git miserble jist tryin' to kill time.—Detroit Tribune.

FOLLY OF PESSIMISM

IN THE DAY'S WORK WE REAP WHAT WE SOW.

Much May Be Accomplished by the Determination to Realize Happiness from Whatever is Undertaken—Insist on Success.

What are you putting into this day—fear, uncertainty, growls, grouches, discouragements? Doubt of yourself and your powers—fear lest the thing you want to do you will not be able to do? Or are you taking to it a glad faith and assurance, a determination to succeed, a live, thrilling belief in yourself and in the work you are to do?

Whatever your attitude may be, each morning when you awaken to face another day, says the Philadelphia Inquirer, remember this: Whatever you put into that day you will get out of it.

Perhaps you have been in the habit of waiting to see what the day would bring to you—waiting upon its events, so to speak. Perhaps, while wishing for inspiration and for success in your work, you have deferred to conditions and influences yet to be manifested.

If those conditions and influences proved to be unfavorable you blamed luck for it. You believed yourself to be at the mercy of circumstances. If the day brought you a blue mood instead of the happy, energetic one you wanted, you thought there was no help for it, and fought your blues as best you could.

Why not get at the root of the matter. Why not put the blame where it belongs? The fact is that by your own words you decide what the day shall mean to you. It is in your power to say each morning what you intend to realize before night comes.

The hours stretch before you plastic to your thought. It is you who must determine the shape their events shall take.

If you have been facing the morning with a mind full of ifs, buts and howevers, why wonder that you have not succeeded as you hoped?

It is one thing to hope and another to decree. You may hope with fervency every day of your life for the good you desire, but if you fortify that hope with nothing more positive than ifs, buts and howevers, you need not be disappointed to see that you are continually doomed to disappointment.

Whatever you put into the day you get out of it.

Take the conquering attitude. At the very beginning ally yourself with success forces by declaring that you intend to do the things you want to do. Determine to realize happiness from whatever you undertake. Determine to fill your work with magnetism and joy.

When you take this stand you league your mind with all the success forces in the universe. Just so soon as you cease waiting upon conditions and declare your rights as ruler you summon these forces to work with you and for you in every endeavor.

Be glad and complain no longer of handicaps, of moods, of discouragements. Let go of your fears, let go of your uncertainty, your doubt, your unfaith. Success is for you if you are for success. Happiness is with you if you are with happiness. Greet the day with a glad hand.

What are you putting into the day? Ask yourself the question. Whatever you put into it you will get from it.

Degrees of Obstinacy.

Richard Brinsley Sheridan always maintained that the Duke of Wellington would succeed in Portugal, while his friend, Gen. Tarleton, had the opinion that he would fail. The matter was one of constant dispute between the two.

Tarleton, who had been wrong, grew obstinate. Consequently, when the news of the retreat of the French at Torres Vedras arrived, Sheridan, by way of a taunt, said:

"Well, Tarleton, are you on your high horse still?"

"Oh, higher than ever," was the reply. "If I was on a high horse before, I am on an elephant now."

"No, no, my dear fellow," said the wit; "you were on an ass before, and you are on a mule now."

Preacher Too Strenuous.

Rev. Thomas McLeod, a Brooklyn clergyman, in a sermon in the Congregational church, North Adams, recently, rounded out a statement by saying: "You can put that in your pipe and smoke it." A woman who was up in front rose and, in tones audible all over the church, said: "Sir, we are not accustomed to such language in this pulpit. Such words are more fitting for the race track than the house of God." Mr. McLeod paused for a moment, and then retorted mildly: "I have no objection to women speaking in meeting." Whereupon the incident closed and the dominie continued his sermon.

High Finance.

Willie had a savings bank,
'Twas made of painted tin,
He passed it 'round among the boys,
Who put their pennies in.

Then Willie wrecked that bank and bought
Sweetmeats and chewing gum,
And to the other envious lads
He never offered some.

"What shall we do?" his mother said,
"It is a sad mischance!"
His father said: "We'll cultivate
His gift for high finance."
—Washington Star.

Worse.

Osmond—Well, thank heaven, you've never seen me run after people who have money.

Desmond—No, but I've seen people run after you because you didn't have money.—Stray Stories.

WILLIAMS BROS.

ANTIOCH DEPARTMENT STORE.

It Looks like a Good Time to Buy Summer Stock Sugar.

Window Shades, we sell them with adjustable roller, only 25c.

Screen Doors, a good one, at 90 cts and $1.00.

Lawn Mowers, 14 in. $3.00, 16 in. $3.25, 18 in. $3.50.

Nails, all sizes, at extremely low prices.

Williams Bros. Best Flour, $1.60 a sack.

Pillsbury's Best XXXX Flour, $1.60 a sack.

Agency American Field Fencing - Show a New Poultry Fence - See it

Did you try our 20c and 25c Coffee? The real value is 25c and 30c

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LAKE COUNTY'S

52nd Annual

= FAIR =

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September 5, 6, 7 and 8, 1905

Better Races Exhibits Attractions Than Ever Before.

Speed Program

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 6TH

2:24 Trot	$300.00
3:00 Trot	$300.00
2:18 Pace	$300.00
½ Mile Running and repeat	$150.00

THURSDAY, SEPT. 7TH

2:28 Trot	$300.00
Free-for-all Pace	$400.00
2:40 Pace	$300.00
¾ Mile Dash, Running	$150.00

FRIDAY, SEPT. 8TH

2:25 Pace	$300.00
Free-for-all Trot	$400.00
2:40 Trot	$200.00
1 Mile Dash, Running	$150.00

THE BIGGEST, LIVELIEST AND BEST EVER

MIDWAY

NOT AN OBJECTIONABLE FEATURE

SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS

The Trick House

This feature is by a team of supple acrobats who keep the people laughing with their funny antics and who conclude with a Trick House, a pantominic apparatus fitted with spring doors. It creates roars of laughter.

Performance Each Afternoon

Trio of Acrobats

Three of America's most daring aerial performers in feats positively "hair raising."

These gentlemen have traveled with the great circuses and have no equals in their line.

Performance Each Afternoon

A NEW AND COMFORTABLE

GRAND STAND

Has been Erected on the Grounds for Accommodation of the Public

THERE WILL BE SPECIAL TRAIN SERVICE

A good Brass Band has been engaged for 3 days

Love and Athletics.

The strongest evidence against the contention that men do not like athletic women is the gaps in the ranks of the various games clubs each year caused by the retirement of those who have recently married—Cassell's Magazine.

Effect of Diet on Silkworms.

Silk worms fed on different leaves produce silks of varied colors; thus a diet of vine leaves produces a bright red, and lettuce an emerald green.

Originated Board of Trade.

Cromwell is said to have originated the board of trade idea.

Russians Not Cruel.

A Moscow writer, J. Novicow, says that Russians are among the least cruel people of Europe, instancing in proof that no popular sports of a brutal character, such as cock fights, bull fights, even boxing or pugilism, are ever observed among them; much less is lynch law to be met with.

Deserted Husband Fined.

In northern New Zealand recently a native woman deserted her husband and ran away with another man. A native court fined the deserted husband horses, cattle and money for "lack of marital authority in not being able to retain his wife."

Useless.

And now they would uniform poets,
But that is a useless demand,
For fringe on the bottoms of trousers
Proclaims them all over the land.

Wren Builds Many Nests.

One of the most energetic nest builders is the marsh wren; in fact, he has the habit to such a degree that he cannot stop with one nest, but goes on building four or five in rapid succession.

Two Points of View.

A young fellow says: "Oh, that was a long time ago; five or six years." An old fellow says: "Oh, that was some time ago; forty or fifty years.—Atchison, Kan., Globe.

Remarkable Heart Photograph.

Two Munich scientists have, by means of the Roentgen ray, succeeded in photographing the human heart between beats.

Two English Cities Keep Walls.

York and Chester are the last English cities to preserve their surrounding walls intact.

Forty-three in Shah's Suite.

When the Shah of Persia visits Europe [illegible] have in his suite forty-three persons.

Ayer's Pills Sugar-coated, easy to take, mild in action. They cure constipation, biliousness, sick-headache. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use **BUCKINGHAM'S DYE**

FIFTY CTS. OF DRUGGISTS OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

BOYS GROW INTO MEN

AT THE

Kenosha College of Commerce

because they are Surrounded with all that makes for CLEAN, UPRIGHT MANHOOD AND WOMANHOOD

FALL TERM BEGINS SEPTEMBER 5

The Antioch News.

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher

ANTIOCH, - - - ILLINOIS.

EVENTS OF THE WEEK

Near Upper Sandusky, Ohio, John Moore, attracted by an odor, raised the boards of a barn floor and found the decomposed body of his brother Sigel. The latter disappeared a month ago and hundreds have been searching for him. Murder is suspected.

William Stickle and Edward Perk were killed at Wellington, Ohio. They were painting a standpipe, 150 feet high, when the board of the scaffold slipped, precipitating them to the ground. Perk was killed instantly and Stickle died within fifteen minutes.

The Rock Island road has issued a bulletin in which it states that it will not stand for garnishment of the wages of its employes. The order states that the first time an employe permits his wages to be garnisheed the employe will be suspended and for a second offense of this kind will be discharged.

A severe rain, wind, hail and electrical storm swept over LaCrosse county, Wis., Sunday night and great damage was done. In some cases the storm took the force of a tornado, while in others the rain was a cloudburst. Hail ruined the growing crops in large sections of western Wisconsin and southern Minnesota. Traffic on the Milwaukee and Burlington roads was demoralized. At Weaver, Minn., a large section of the Milwaukee and St. Paul tracks was carried away and mail trains were run over a temporary track. The washout on the Burlington was between Maiden Rock and St. Paul and delayed all trains from three to six hours. A small tornado is reported as having done some damage in the southwestern part of Winona county, Minn. The house of Frank Sanders was destroyed and Mrs. Sanders was badly hurt. She was taken to the hospital at Rochester.

The standing of the baseball clubs in the principal leagues is as follows:

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.		W.	L.
New York	77	32	Cincinnati	59	52
Pittsburg	69	42	St. Louis	42	71
Chicago	63	48	Boston	38	75
Philadelphia	61	48	Brooklyn	34	75

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.		W.	L.
Philadelphia	61	41	Boston	50	47
Chicago	55	42	Detroit	50	55
Cleveland	58	45	Washington	40	61
New York	52	46	St. Louis	37	66

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	W.	L.		W.	L.
Columbus	79	40	Indianapolis	54	63
Milwaukee	74	45	St. Paul	53	63
Minneapolis	66	49	Toledo	45	73
Louisville	63	50	Kansas City	35	80

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.		W.	L.
Des Moines	74	40	Omaha	57	50
Denver	66	46	Pueblo	41	63
Sioux City	58	49	St. Joseph	31	80

BREVITIES.

Southern Illinois and parts of Missouri, Kentucky, Tennessee and Indiana were shaken by a severe earthquake.

Mary Mapes Dodge, editor of the St. Nicholas Magazine, a well-known author, died at Tannersville, N. Y.

A conflict occurred between American colonists and Indians near the village of Micos, Mexico, and five Americans and several Indians were killed.

The Texas railroad commission, having decided that icing charges for refrigerating cars are excessive, will cut the rates more than 50 per cent.

The court of inquiry found that the explosion on the gunboat Bennington was due to the negligence of Ensign Wade and three enlisted men who were killed.

The State Department of Delaware issued certificates of incorporation to the Pittsburg Investment Company, a concern with an authorized capitalization of $6,500,000.

The Secretary of the Interior has ordered the withdrawal from entry of 160,000 acres of land in the La Grande, Ore., land district on account of the Umatilla irrigation project.

The State Department has been informed that the Russian government has postponed for one year the meeting of the fifth international congress of obstetrics and gynecology.

The daughter of a French opera singer, starving, watched beside the bed of her dying father in New Orleans, and after her parent's death attempted suicide because she was penniless and alone.

While bathing in the Allegheny river at Godfrey, Pa., the Rev. William A. Bilheimer of Youngwood and Miss Verna Morrison, daughter of State Representative W. F. Morrison of Mt. Pleasant, were drowned.

Mrs. Charles H. Hackley, wife of the millionaire benefactor of Muskegon, Mich., who died several months ago, passed away Monday morning after a lingering illness. She was heir to several million dollars.

Joseph Mara, a former city employe, was stabbed to death in a 6th street restaurant in Cincinnati, Ohio, by Albert Barnes, who recently came from Atlanta, Ga. Barnes, who was arrested, claims that he acted in self-defense.

Hugh Watt, an English financier and former member of Parliament, has been arrested, charged with having offered a detective $25,000 to assist him in the murder of his former wife, who involved him in a scandal by her divorce suit.

The city gas plant at Syracuse, Neb., was partly demolished by an explosion which also wrecked a part of the water works plant. Both plants are owned by the city. The explosion was caused by a leak in the pipes. J. C. Reed, a fireman, was probably fatally injured.

Two children of Mrs. Henry Dillon were burned to death in Toledo, Ohio, and the mother is so badly injured that she may die. The dead children were aged 23 and 11 months. The house was completely destroyed by the fire, which followed the explosion of a gasoline stove.

EASTERN.

Signor Giuseppe Nicolao, who taught Patti, died blind and poverty-stricken in New York.

New York structural iron workers declared a strike against the American Bridge Company.

Louis San Martino, who married Florence Croker, daughter of Richard Croker, is said to be a count.

Marines are guarding the Brooklyn navy yard against neighborhood hoodlums who have fancied grievances.

Stephen Caldwell, who was in the rush to the California gold fields in 1849, was struck by a train at Phillipsport, N. Y., and killed.

The steamer Idlewild was rescued at Buffalo after floating helpless in Lake Erie for hours with 250 panic-stricken passengers.

Fire destroyed the medical hall of the University of Pennsylvania with one of the most valuable anatomical collections in the world.

Joseph R. Thompson, brother of the rich husband of Mary Thaw of Pittsburg, killed himself, leaving a letter blaming his wealthy relatives.

Infernal machines of a deadly character have been sent to Jacob H. Schiff, the rich banker, and to the offices of M. Guggenheim's Sons in New York.

Harvard observatory officials have received a telegram from the Lick observatory in California saying a seventh satellite of Jupiter has been observed.

The stable attached to the summer home of Craig Biddle at Radnor, Pa., was burned. All of the horses and carriages were saved. The loss is $40,000.

The bodies of Miss Evelyn Willing of Chicago and her fiance, Harris Lindsley of New York, who were killed in an automobile accident, will be buried together at Manchester, Vt.

Thrown into the Schuylkill river in Philadelphia by the capsizing of a canoe, Miss Anna B. Ober, a 19-year-old girl, sacrificed her life to save that of her fiance, M. F. Alexander.

After searching for nine years over three continents for the murderer of his father, an Italian found on Blackwell's Island, New York, the man he believes to have committed the crime.

More than 500 persons were injured in a series of accidents in Pittsburg, Sunday, the most serious being the collapse of a platform which precipitated 500 persons fifteen feet into a cellar.

Twelve men were killed and six injured in a rockslide at the quarry of mill "A" of the Lehigh Portland Cement Company at Ormond, Pa. All were foreigners. Two of the injured will die.

Vinson Walsh, son of Thomas F. Walsh, millionaire mine owner, was killed and four other young members of Newport society were injured in an automobile which was badly wrecked.

Mrs. Julia Wilson fell from the third story of her apartments in Rochester, N. Y., upon her head and died almost immediately. She had been leaning from the window talking to a friend and in some way lost her balance and pitched out the window head first.

Margaret Doyle, 15 years old, walked a mile to a hospital in Philadelphia with both arms broken. She was injured by a blow from a heavy plunger in the factory in which she is employed. Thinking her arms were only sprained, the girl refused all offers of assistance.

Abraham Goodman, who acquired a fortune as a jewelry man in San Francisco, but sold his business fourteen months ago and came to New York to live, was found dead in the Hudson river opposite Fort Lee. The mystery as to how he came to his death is unsolved.

The ancient three-story and attic house at Elm and Prince streets, New York, in which President Monroe died July 4, 1831, was partly destroyed by fire. The fire started in a rag store in the basement. Several weeks ago a bronze tablet commemorating James Monroe's death there was placed on the house.

The East 22d street police station at New York was stormed by a crowd which demanded revenge on Patrolman Hale, who had clubbed John Hogan into unconsciousness. Hogan was removed to a hospital, where it was said that his skull was fractured and that probably he would die. The crowd finally dispersed.

WESTERN.

Baron Komura has given $500 to the Japanese school at Seattle, Wash.

Six persons were killed and six others fatally hurt in a wreck between Santa Ana and Riverside, Cal.

Walter Sanger Pullman, son of the palace car magnate, died in California from wounds suffered in a runaway.

A suspension bridge gave way at Mildred Park, Springfield, Ill., and fifty picnickers were plunged into a pond, but all were saved.

John D. Rockefeller is trying the Kneipp cure and shocks the staid students of Cleveland by parading barefooted on the lawn.

Mrs. Medie Wells, 65 years old, of Hutchinson, Kan., killed William Burch, her fiance, who preferred a younger rival, and then committed suicide.

With $10,000 in checks and cash belonging to Charles A. Stevens & Brothers, Gus Bobbs, a young employe of that Chicago firm, disappeared from the city.

While visiting her son in the country near Bellefontaine, Ohio, Mrs. Harriet Overfield, a wealthy widow, drowned herself in one foot of water in the horse trough.

The strike of telegraphers on the Great Northern railway system was officially called off at 9:15 Friday night, the men on that line having voted by a large majority to return to work.

Charles Ensign, a leading merchant of Elyria, Ohio, committed suicide by shooting himself at his country home, about five miles out of town. Ill health is supposed to have led to the act.

By the will of Thomas Fitzgerald, who died recently in Los Angeles, Cal., $20,000 will be divided among two brothers and a niece residing in Little Falls, N. Y. The niece works in a mill.

The government's drawings for homesteads in the Uintah Indian reservation of Utah, 160-acre sections in which are said to be worth from $5,000 to $10,000, has been begun at Provo, Utah.

Columbus Bowen, in jail in Urbana, Ohio, for the last six months on the charge of subordination of perjury in the famous Larrimore murder case at Woodstock two years ago, was found dead in his cell by the jail officials. He had killed himself during the night by means of his bedclothes, which he had twisted into a rope.

The saloon run by Louis Maschke and Jonas Deetz was wrecked in Millersburg, Ohio, by dynamite. The explosion shook up the country for a mile. Temperance advocates are charged with the deed.

Joseph Newhalo, aged 82, builder of the Atlantic and Great Western railroad, now the Erie, fifty years ago, and its roadmaster for twenty-five years, died suddenly at his home in Kent, Ohio.

According to the figures of the superintendent of State census, the population of Minnesota now is 1,975,871, as against 1,751,394 in 1900. St. Paul's population is 197,025, a gain of 33,060 since 1900.

Fourteen persons were killed and fifteen injured at Butte, Mont., in a collision between a Great Northern freight train and a trolley car. Miss Maggie Harrington, of Butte, is among the dead.

Mrs. Harvey McPherson Null, charged with poisoning her husband, a farmer, and H. C. Kelley, a farm hand, have been arrested in Pratt, Kan. Twenty-four grains of arsenic were found in Null's stomach.

The schooner John M. Hutchinson of Cleveland, in tow of the steamer Caledonia, sprang a leak and foundered off Keweenau point, Lake Superior. The crew was brought to Sault Ste Marie by the Caledonia.

Trouble between the State railway commission in Washington and the Harriman lines has arisen. The clash is over the right of the commission to order a joint rate for handling coal from Roslyn to Colfax, Wash.

S. D. Devlin, a locomotive engineer, has been arrested at Sumpter, Ore., by Sheriff Steele of Cattaraugus county, New York, charged with the murder of a stranger with whom he quarreled at Olean, in that county.

A daring highwayman held up the Yosemite Valley stages on their latest trip, one at a time, above Grub Gulch, Cal., and relieved the passengers of their money, Anton Veith, Austrian consul at Milwaukee, being a victim.

The cruiser Chicago and the ill-fated gunboat Bennington got hopelessly mixed up in San Francisco harbor and both are considerably damaged. The Chicago, which flew the flag of Admiral Goodrich, was towing the Bennington.

Charges of irregularities in the management of the State industrial school for boys were filed with the board of control in Topeka, Kan., by Dr. Eva Harding, a Topeka physician, against H. W. Charles, the superintendent.

A joint, or illicit saloon, run by Edward Powers and Joseph Unser, just outside of Kansas City, Kan., on the Shawnee road, was partially destroyed by fire. The proprietors assert that the fire was set by temperance fanatics.

The coroner at Cleveland, Ohio, in his official decision, said the night telegraph operator at Mentor, Ohio, threw the switch that caused the wreck of the Lake Shore twentieth century limited, in which nineteen persons lost their lives.

Fire destroyed the Stateroom Inn, situated one block from the main entrance of the Lewis and Clark Exposition, in Portland, Ore., and resulted in the death of two men, whose badly charred bodies have not been identified.

The People's Gas Company of Coffeyville, Kan., sold to the Kansas Natural Gas Company, for $1,000,000, its gas territory of 60,000 acres in Montgomery county, containing 128 wells with a daily capacity of 600,000 cubic feet of natural flow pressure gas.

Herbert Mills, formerly treasurer of the Jarvis Conklin Mortgage Trust Company of Kansas City, was found lying on the sidewalk in front of Bethany hospital, Kansas City, Kan., where he was an inmate, and died two hours later. His skull had been crushed.

The United States lake survey boat Hancock was sunk in Lake St. Clair about two miles north of the Grosse Point lightship. No lives were lost. The Hancock was crossing the channel, when the package freighter Binghamton of Buffalo smashed its bow.

Following the decision of United States Circuit Judge Van Deventer, denying an injunction to prohibit the enforcement of a fraud order by the postal authorities, the directors of the People's United States Bank in St. Louis have voted to go into voluntary liquidation.

Two cars were damaged and one man injured in a rear-end collision between two south-bound trains on the South Side elevated railroad at Sixty-third street and Kimbark avenue, Chicago. One car left the tracks and hung over the structure. The wreck blocked traffic.

At Beley, Okla., United States Marshal Ed. Shaffer was looking for Dick Simmons, a negro, wanted for horse stealing, when the latter stepped from behind a bush and shot Shaffer. Shaffer fell, but raised himself on his elbow and killed Simmons, dying five minutes later.

The rain and wind storm, which wrought minor damage in Kansas City, also caused destruction in western Missouri and eastern Kansas. About three inches of rain fell. At Lamonte, Mo.; Lawrence, Leavenworth and Emporia, Kan., awnings and plate glass windows were smashed and trees and sheds were blown down.

Frank Ward, foreman of a yard gang at the Pueblo Steel works, Pueblo, Colo., caused the death of his daughter Frances, aged 10, by forcing her to swallow a quantity of poison. He then committed suicide by using the same drug. Neighbors said Ward had been drinking heavily and had threatened to kill himself and the girl.

Anna Lane, 18 years old, was shot through the heart and killed at the home of Thomas Adams in Woodsfield, Ohio. Her body was found lying beside her fiance, Charles Seebach, to whom she was to have been married in September. Adams and the girl's sister were in an adjoining room. The two men have been arrested.

A terrific wind storm, accompanied by a heavy fall of rain, prevailed in Topeka, Kan., Friday, the wind, according to the local weather bureau, blowing at the rate of fifty miles an hour. The buildings of Crosby & Co., the Shawnee mills and the Crawford opera house were unroofed. Many residences were damaged, barns were [illegible] down, trees were uprooted and blown down, and much other damage was wrought. As far as known no one was injured.

Theodore Bar[illegible], 18 years old, found the occupation [illegible] burglary so dull that he went to sleep in the air shaft of the furnace in the house of J. A. Adams, 3267 Vernon avenue, Chicago. His snoring roused the family. The building was searched, but for a long time Burzlaff's hiding place was not discovered. Finally he was dragged out and turned over to the police. On being searched several pieces of jewelry stolen from the house were found in his possession.

Fred Churchill, an employe of the Union Electric Light and Power Company, and Stella McMullen were drowned a mile and a half north of the city limits of St. Louis, on the Illinois side of the Mississippi river. A party comprising seven young men and three young women went swimming at this point. Young Churchill was caught in an eddy and swept out into the swirling waters. Miss McMullen went to his rescue and she, too, was swept under into his arms. Efforts at rescue were futile.

Reports indicate that the storm Monday night caused damage estimated at several hundred thousand dollars in southwestern Ohio and less serious loss in other parts of the State and in Kentucky and Indiana. At Hamilton, Ohio, the rainfall reached two and a half inches, causing a flood in the Miami river, which washed away several small bridges. Lightning struck a traction car near Middletown, Ohio, during the storm and Mrs. William Kroeger of Louisville suffered a broken rib and other injuries. Near Mansfield, Ohio, Joseph Finney, 3 years old, died from the effects of a stroke of lightning. Misses Nellie Smith and Lulu Wilson were seriously injured by lightning which struck a farm house near Marysville, Ohio. Seven persons were stunned by lightning near Circleville, but all will recover.

FOREIGN.

Czar Nicholas has issued a manifesto calling for the election of a popular assembly in Russia, but continues to retain autocratic power.

Baron Komura has been invited to visit Canada after the peace conference and the Japanese minister has accepted if engagements will permit.

Adolphe William Bouguereau, famous French artist, died in La Rochelle from a fright, due to the recent visit of a burglar to his home in Paris.

An attempt was made to kill Queen Margherita, mother of the King of Italy, a barricade being built in the middle of a road which overturned her automobile.

Lord Curzon has resigned as viceroy of India after a brilliant political career, following a disagreement with Lord Kitchener over the administration of the army.

The Canadian government has renewed the mail contracts with the Union Steamship Company for the Canadian-Australian line, the subsidy payable by the dominion being raised $15,000.

Indians in Labrador give the information that Mrs. Leonidas Hubbard's expedition is returning to the coast, having abandoned its effort to penetrate the wilderness. Dillon Wallace is pushing farther into the wilds.

King Edward, who is going to Marienbad to take the cure, was the guest at Ischl, Austria, of Emperor Francis Joseph. The Emperor met King Edward at Gmunden. Covers were laid for twenty persons at the dinner.

A dispatch from Hilo says that Hana, the Hawaiian wife of Kailua, a Chinese, gave birth to one child on last Thursday, two on Sunday, one on Monday, two on Tuesday morning and one on Tuesday night. All are dead.

A telegram from Batavia, Dutch East Indies, reports an ugly outbreak of Achinese rebels, who attacked the Dutch post at Rambong, killing two officers and twenty-two men. Only six men of the post escaped, and these were wounded.

A Tien-tsin dispatch says that an attempt was made on the life of the Dowager Empress of China as she was passing through the northwest gate of the city to her summer palace. Her assailant was dressed as a soldier and was bayoneted by the guard.

The Mexican government has contracted with J. A. Naule, in behalf of the Southern Pacific railroad, for the construction of a $30,000,000 railroad from Guayamas to Guadalajara. The line will traverse a rich territory and will be approximately 1,250 kilometers long.

IN GENERAL.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly trade report shows increase in discount rates and general prosperity in business circles.

The Chinese boycott against American goods is evidently weakening and the intended mission of former Minister Conger is considered to be entirely superfluous.

The annual report of the interstate commerce commission says 10,046 persons were killed and 84,155 injured in railway disasters in the United States during 1904.

Edwin H. Conger, ambassador to Mexico, has been detailed by President Roosevelt as special commissioner to go to China and devise means of checking the boycott against American products.

At a meeting in Washington of representatives of the American Association of Nurserymen, the American Seed Trade Association and the Society of American Florists and Ornamental Horticulturists, an organization was formed for the purpose of co-operating in all matters of mutual interest.

The census bureau has issued a bulletin showing the commercial value of railway property in the United States to be $11,244,852,000. Pennsylvania ranks first in the value of its railway property, $1,420,608,000; New York second, at $808,222,000; Illinois third, at $805,857,000; Ohio fourth, at $689,897,000; Minnesota fifth, Indiana sixth, Kansas seventh, California eighth, Iowa is ninth with a value of $344,817,000, which was assessed last year at $57,000,000.

The campaign now being waged by the International Typographical Union for an eight-hour day was indorsed by the convention of the organization in session in Toronto, when the report of the eight-hour committee was presented, and the recommendation that a strike be declared on Jan. 1 against all employers who have not accepted the new hours by that time was approved. Samuel Gompers in his address commended the stand the union [illegible] the eight-hour fight. The [illegible] Colorado Springs, Colorado [illegible]

SUBSTANCE AND STATUS OF JAPAN'S PEACE TERMS.

The substance and status of the Japanese peace terms at the adjournment of the commission Friday afternoon were as follows:

1. Russia's recognition of Japan's "preponderant influence" in Korea, with her right to preserve order in the civil administration, give military and financial advice to the Emperor of Korea, Japan binding herself to observe the territorial integrity of Korea and (it is believed) the policy of the "open door." Accepted.

2. Mutual obligation to evacuate Manchuria. Accepted.

3. Japanese obligations to restore in Manchuria Chinese sovereignty and civil administration. Accepted.

4. Mutual obligation to respect in the future "the territorial integrity and administrative entity" of China in Manchuria and to maintain the principle of equal opportunity for the industry and commerce of all nations—the "open door." Accepted.

5. The cession of the Island of Sakhalin to Japan. Refused and final consideration deferred.

6. The surrender to Japan of the Russian leases of the Liaotung Peninsula, including Port Arthur, Dalmy and the Blonde and Elliott islands. Accepted.

7. The surrender to China by arrangement with Japan of the branch of the Chinese Eastern railroad running south from Harbin to Port Arthur and Newchwang, together with the retrocession of all the privileges obtained under the concession of 1898. Accepted, in principle; final agreement deferred.

8. The limitation of the Chinese concession obtained by M. Rothstein and Prince Ukhtomsky in 1896 under which the "cut-off" through northern Manchuria was built to connect the Trans-Siberian and the Ussurri railroads so as to provide for the retention of the ownership and operation of the line by the Chinese Eastern, but with provision for the eventual substitution of Chinese imperial police for Russian railroad guards. Accepted.

9. Remuneration for the cost of the war. Refused and action deferred.

10. The surrender of the Russian war ships interned in neutral far eastern waters. Disagreement, and action deferred.

11. The limitation of Russia's naval power on Pacific waters. Deferred.

12. The grant to the citizens of Japan of the right to fish in waters of the Russian littoral from Vladivostok north to the Bering Sea. Agreed upon.

NEW TARIFF ISSUE.

Reciprocity Convention Held in Chicago Adopts Resolutions.

With a declaration advocating immediate reciprocal concessions by means of a "maximum and minimum" tariff and favoring the creation of a permanent tariff commission of economic, industrial and commercial experts, the national reciprocity conference ended its Chicago session Thursday afternoon. A permanent organization, to be known as the Reciprocal Tariff League, is the outgrowth of the movement, and with the passing of the conference active work will be carried forward by a national committee of fifteen members.

There were attempts on various sides to inject an array of "ifs" and "ands" and "ors" into the declaration of principles reported by the committee on resolutions, but in the end things went through exactly as planned by the revisionist leaders. Following are the resolutions adopted by the convention:

Whereas, The agriculture, manufactures and other industries of this country have expanded to such an extent that they can no longer depend upon the home market for the consumption of their entire product; and,

Whereas, The export trade has become a vital support to many of our industries; and,

Whereas, The present commercial attitude of the United States, largely owning to our failure to carry into effect the reciprocal trade provisions of section 4 of the Dingley law, is antagonizing foreign nations, whose good will we desire and on whom we have hitherto depended as purchasers of our surplus products; therefore, be it

Resolved: 1. That this convention, recognizing the principle of protection as the established policy of our country, advocates immediate reciprocal concessions by means of a dual or maximum and minimum tariff as the only practical method of relieving at this time the strained situation with which we are confronted.

2. That eventually the question of the schedules and items to be considered in reciprocal concessions be suggested by a permanent tariff commission, to be created by Congress and appointed by the President, which shall consist of economic, industrial and commercial experts.

3. That it is the sense of this convention that our present tariff affords abundant opportunity for such concessions without injury to industry, trade or the wages of labor.

4. That we urge action upon Congress at the earliest time possible.

DEATH LIST NEARLY 100.

Victims of Atlantic Coast Line Wreck Grow Larger.

Nearly a hundred persons, mostly negroes, were killed when an excursion train on the Atlantic Coast line from Kinston, N. C., bound to Norfolk, Va., plunged through an open draw over the western branch of the Elizabeth river, eight miles from Norfolk. The list of injured was very large.

The train was running at the rate of fifteen or twenty miles an hour as it approached the bridge. The specific orders of the road to stop all trains at the bridge, whether the draw is open or not, was apparently ignored. The train plunged into the abyss. Both engineer and fireman discovered the open draw too late to stop the train. The airbrakes were applied, but did not work properly. The scene following the wreck was one of indescribable horror, with the shrieking of men, women and children who were drowning, struggling out of the partly submerged coach and floating in the river.

The passengers who were uninjured immediately started to rescue those imprisoned in the cars. Norfolk and Portsmouth were communicated with and physicians were sent out on a wrecking train. Many people in the neighborhood went to the scene of the wreck and helped in the rescue. A 60-year-old farmer displayed considerable heroism when the disaster occurred. He leaped to the second coach, cut a hole in its roof and extricated thirty-five people just before the car became completely submerged.

The train consisted of six coaches. Four of these remained on the track.

Telegraphic Brevities.

The Chinese in Japan are boycotting American goods.

No farmer's institutes will be held in Louisiana this year.

Twelve telephone girls struck at Mobile, Ala., because of extra Sunday hours.

The entire grain crop of Roumania is threatened with ruin on account of the prolonged drought.

The Chinese Chamber of Commerce at Shanghai is attempting to check the [illegible] boycott.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

Chicago. Conditions of trade in the Chicago district are summarized by the weekly review issued by R. G. Dun & Co. as follows:

"Official crop estimates exceeding those of the banner year 1902, together with weather conditions which have advanced corn growth, gave an excellent tone to commercial affairs and business generally was heavy, the prevailing tendency being better.

"Traffic movement, both by rail and lake, reached a greater tonnage, and more pressure for additional cars to move crops is felt by Western roads. The quantity of grain handled rose to 10,455,575 bushels, against 9,523,745 bushels last week, and 8,342,317 bushels a year ago. Other farm and dairy products were liberally marketed.

"Commitments in iron and steel represent a fair tonnage, although demand has ceased slightly in rails and furnace product. The capacity in this district, however, is fully employed, and there is hesitancy in undertaking orders for structural shapes involving delivery before 1906.

"Bank clearings, $179,470,402, exceed those of the corresponding week in 1904 by 11.1 per cent. Failures reported in the Chicago district number 33, against 24 last week, and 25 a year ago."

New York. Fall trade, stimulated by excellent crop advices, continues to expand at wholesale. Increased purchases, a wider range of selection and some improvement in collections are noted East, West and Southwest. Lines noting special activity at the West are dry goods, notions, hardware, lumber, groceries and shoes.

One-half of the 1905 wool crop has been sold, worsted manufacturers report orders booked for six months, the shoe and leather trades are doing an increasing business at steadily advancing prices, cotton goods sellers cannot begin to satisfy requests for prompt shipment, finished iron and steel show great activity, and, although there is some unrest in labor matters, the industrial situation reveals few important flaws.

Wheat, including flour, exports for the week are 865,002 bushels, against 1,041,696 bushels last week and 1,281,399 bushels this week last year. From July 1 to date the exports are 5,238,645 bushels, against 7,846,771 bushels last year. Corn exports for the week are 1,152,441 bushels, against 1,013,675 bushels last week, and 1,[illegible]22 bushels a year ago.

Business failures this week number 166, against last week, 167 in the like week of 1904, 181 in 1903, 161 in 1902 and [illegible] Bradstreet's Commercial Report.

Good Crop Ended.

The government crop report, indicates that yield of wheat, corn and oats this year not to be a record breaker crops will be harvested throughout country, with their usual accompaniment of general prosperity.

The corn condition for August is 89 per cent; spring wheat, 89.2 per cent; oats, 90.8 per cent. The comparative conditions last month were: Corn, 87.3 per cent; spring wheat, 91 per cent; oats, 92.1 per cent.

The new figures indicate a corn crop of 2,593,000,000 bushels, an oat crop of 880,000,000 bushels. Spring wheat, 270,000,000 bushels, of which 200,000,000 bushels will be raised in the two Dakotas and Minnesota, and a winter wheat crop of 444,000,000 bushels.

Thus the total indicated wheat crop of the country will be 714,000,000 bushels. Great as this wheat crop is, it falls short by 11,000,000 bushels of the record crop raised in 1901, and corn and oats are also short of the record yield.

THE MARKETS

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, $4.00 to $6.10; hogs, prime heavy, $4.00 to $6.35; sheep, fair to choice, $3.00 to $5.00; wheat, No. 2, 80c to 81c; corn, No. 2, 53c to 54c; oats, standard, 25c to 27c; rye, No. 2, 57c to 58c; hay, timothy, $8.50 to $13.00; prairie, $6.00 to $10.50; butter, choice creamery, 18c to 20c; eggs, fresh, 15c to 17c; potatoes, new, per bushel, 43c to 53c.

Detroit—Cattle, $3.50 to $5.00; hogs, $4.00 to $6.15; sheep, $2.50 to $4.50; wheat, No. 2, 82c to 84c; corn, No. 3 yellow, 57c to 58c; oats, No. 3 white, 26c to 27c; rye, No. 2, 60c to 61c.

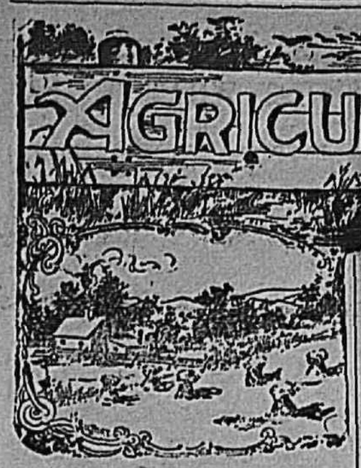
Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, 97c to $1.02; corn, No. 3, 53c to 55c; oats, No. 2 white, 26c to 28c; rye, No. 1, 59c to 60c; barley, No. 2, 49c to 50c; pork, mess, $14.00.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 85c to 86c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 51c to 53c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 30c to 32c; rye, No. 2, 54c to 62c; clover seed, prime, $7.30.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, $4.00 to $5.00; hogs, fair to choice, $4.00 to $6.00; sheep, common to good mixed, $4.00 to $5.25; lambs, fair to choice, $5.00 to $7.25.

New York—Cattle, $4.00 to $5.80; hogs, $4.00 to $6.35; sheep, $3.00 to $4.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 85c to 86c; corn, No. 2, 60c to 62c; oats, natural white, 31c to 32c; butter, creamery, 19c to 21c; eggs, western, 20c to 22c.

AGRICULTURAL



Portable Hay Derrick.

On a farm that makes much hay nothing saves more labor than a stacking derrick. A description and illustration of one of the best were published in a late Ohio Farmer.

Parts to be used:

Letter.	No. of pieces.		In., Ft.
A	2		2x8x12
B	1		3x6x10
C	2		3x4x10
D	4		4x4x12
E	8		1x5x11
F	4		3x4x 5
G	2		2x8x 6
H	1	telephone pole	25
I	1		2x4x 8
J	1		2x4x14
K	2		2x4x16
L	1	crowbar	5
P	3	pulleys	
M	1	iron pin	1½
N	1	hole for iron pin, 24 bolts 6 to 8 inches in length.	

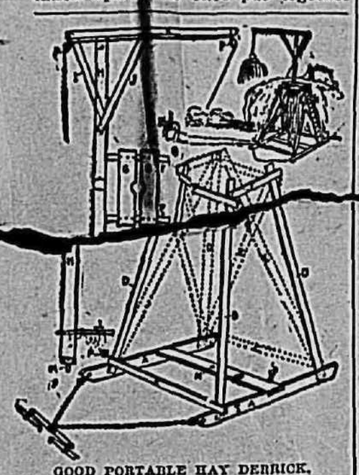
Method of construction:

The frame is mortised together, all the cutting being done on the corner posts, D. The two pieces CC are not mortised, but are bolted flat.

It is necessary that the piece B shall be a very strong one, as the entire weight of the pole and arm, H and K, rest solely on this. It is well to block up under this at N when in use. The pole has a pin, M, which rests in hole, N, and the two pieces GG on top of F hold the pole in place. An iron hoop should be placed around the base of pole at M to prevent splitting. The arm, K, is made of two 2x4s which clamp on each side of the top of pole, H, being bolted together.

In making the derrick the frame should be made leaving one side open without braces, EE, and cross-pieces, F. One piece of G should be left off also, but have holes, bolts, etc., all ready. The pole with its arm, braces and pulleys is prepared complete and then by means of block and tackle attached to the F opposite to that which is not yet on, the pole with its base pin in hole N is raised up into place against G. Then the other piece, G, is bolted in place, which holds the pole. Then close up the side with the braces EE and put on F. L is the crowbar near the bottom of the pole and is used to swing the pole and arm in any direction.

One team will handle this machine easily to any part of the field and it need never be taken apart when once put together



GOOD PORTABLE HAY DERRICK.

complete. When taking the rope out it is well to pull a strong string through the pulleys with which to pull the rope back again next year or some one may have to do some "tall" climbing.

Using Green Cut Bone.

If one who raises poultry desires eggs, the feeding of cut bone is essential—not that the hens will not lay without the cut bone, but that they will lay so much better, that the small expense of the bone and the mill to cut it ought not to enter into the calculation. Cut bone furnishes an almost complete egg-making element, while several kinds of grain are required to obtain the same elements. Bone mills are small in price, the smaller ones being easily operated by hand. The cost of the fresh bones at the butcher's is also small, and as a pound of cut bone a day for each dozen or fifteen hens is sufficient, one can see the expense is merely nominal.

A Cheap Window.

Wishing to have more light in his chicken house, and not having a sash convenient, one poultry raiser cut a hole for the window, tacked light muslin to the edges of the boards around the hole, then took a paint brush and gave it a coat of linseed oil and it answered the purpose splendidly. The muslin should be stretched tight and the edges doubled to prevent the tacks from pulling through. The muslin is cheaper and easier to put in than glass, and requires neither sash nor frame as the glass does.

New Potatoes From Old.

Certain English potato buyers were surprised at the abundance of new potatoes on the market extremely early in the season, also at the toughness of the skins. On investigation it was found that the tricky producers had buried some old potatoes in the soil for some time, thus freshening them up and improving their complexion, so that they were able to pass for new potatoes, although not of first quality.

Summer Pen for Swine.

A veteran raiser of swine has set about raising his animals on the colony plan, somewhat after the plan of raising poultry. He has no difficulty after the first week when the pigs learn which house is their own. The pigs are placed on the range with these colony houses as soon as they are old enough to graze. The houses are built low and arranged so that the ends are open near the top, using slats of heavy material with a wide board at the bottom. The back is solid, and there is a good roof which is waterproof.

The front is arranged so that the bottom board may be removed; it is hooked in place at each end, and over the entire front is placed a sloping roof,



SUMMER HOG-PEN.

somewhat in form like the roof of a veranda. This roof furnishes shade, and with the partly open front and sides, there is plenty of ventilation. The pigs graze all they wish and then go into the pen to rest or to get out of the hot sun. At night they occupy it very rarely, sleeping on the grass. With the smaller pigs care is taken to place the bottom board of the front in place and hook it at night. Any feeding that is done is given in a trough at the side of the colony house. The illustration shows the construction of these houses, which should be small enough so they may be placed on a stone boat or sled and carted under cover in the fall.—Indianapolis News.

Preventing Milk Fever.

An expert dairyman who has had control of many valuable herds of cows sends brief notes on how to prevent milk fever. They are presented at this time for the special benefit of those whose cows will calve in the fall. Gradually change the diet of the cow with calf so that during the six weeks just before the dropping of the calf her diet should be rather light and laxative in character. See that the cow gets plenty of exercise up to the day the calf is born, but see that such exercise is taken in proper weather or under a shed where she will be protected from cold and storm. Do not milk the cow for at least twenty-four hours after the calf is born.

In handling the udder for the first two or three days be particularly gentle, using some luke warm water to soften it if it is at all sensitive. Before milking go over the udder with the hands and softly knead it. If the udder is sore it may be necessary to do this several times a day and especially just before the hungry calf begins operations. If during the few days immediately preceding the birth of the calf the cow seems feverish and her solid excrement is not what it should be, give her a pint or more of raw linseed oil. It is an excellent plan to have oil meal a part of her ration for two weeks before the calf is born. —Exchange.

Feed Mixed With Cobs.

A sample of wheat feed with admixtures was found by the Massachusetts Station which contained a large quantity of ground corn cobs, when the label indicated that it contained corn and cob meal. Another sample was found to consist largely of ground wheat screenings, with relatively small amount of corn cobs, oat clippings, wheat bran and middlings. A tendency to add to mixed feeds inferior shrunken wheat grains, resulting from the ravages of rust, was noted, and consumers are cautioned to be on their guard against such deceptions.—Massachusetts Ploughman.

Sheep on the Farm.

The convenience of sheep on the farm is that they allow nothing to go to waste. They will soon make productive the exhausted lands and at the same time turn weeds into money. They seek the higher elevations of the pasture at night, and their droppings in a short while will restore land to virgin fertility. With increasing valuation of agricultural lands, sheep will prove a valuable auxiliary in consuming the roughage that usually goes to waste on the farm.

Cheese Flavor a Thing of Chance.

The flavor of cheese, it is believed, is very greatly affected by the growth fo micro-organisms in it. Many varieties of these micro-organisms are commonly present in the air, and the sort found in the cheese is more or less a matter of chance unless special pains are taken to add pure cultures.

RUSSIA GETS PARLIAMENT.

Czar Publishes Manifesto Granting a National Assembly.

The Czar Friday night issued his long expected manifesto, granting to the Russian people a douma, or national assembly, to which 412 delegates from all the fifty departments of Russia and the military province of the Don shall be chosen. The principle of the autocracy is retained and the Czar surrenders none of his prerogatives to the people. The bureaucracy is not abolished. Finland is not included in the grant, the Czar pledging himself to take measures in the future.

The first national assembly is to meet not later than the middle of January, 1906. The term of the douma, or national assembly, is to be five years, although the Czar may dissolve it and call a new election. The douma will sit as the lower house of a legislative body, the upper house being the present council of the empire. After passing the douma bills will go to the council, and if there approved, be sent to the Czar.

The powers of the douma are limited when compared to those of the parliaments of Germany or France, but they are extensive when compared with any rights ever granted to the people of Russia. Here, for instance, is an outline of the legislative matters which the douma may consider:

(A) All questions relating to new laws or to the modification, amplification or temporary suspension or repeal of existing laws, and also relating to appointments made on the staff of ministers and the expenditures thereby involved.

(B) Departmental, ministerial and national budgets; also other expenditures not provided therein.

(C) The financial report of the controller of the empire.

(D) The expropriation of any portion of the revenue or property of the State.

(E) The construction of railways by the State.

(F) Questions regarding the organization of stock companies involving exceptions from existing legislation.

(G) Matters submitted by imperial decree.

The douma has jurisdiction in the matter of taxation in the provinces where there are no zemstvos; also in the raising of the rate above that fixed by the zemstvos and city councils.

The douma will have initiative in the matter of appeal or modification of old and the adoption of new laws, but the fundamental laws of administration are not to be touched by it.

Relating to the electoral system the project states that elections are holdable—firstly, in the provinces and territories; secondly, in the principal towns, which are named. In Poland, Siberia, the Caucasus, Turkestan, and in some provinces special regulations will govern the elections.

The total membership will be 412, of which twenty-eight will be returned by the towns. The elections in the provinces and territories will be effected by a provincial electoral college, chosen firstly by the land owners, secondly by urban electors, and thirdly by delegates of the peasantry.

Women, men under 25 years of age, students, sailors, bankrupts, and persons convicted of crimes or desertion shall not have the right to vote.

Governors and the police cannot vote when they are exercising their functions. Land owners, mine owners, and owners of industrial establishments of a minimum value of $7,500, and clergy owning lands are qualified to vote in the electoral assemblies.

In the urban electoral assemblies owners of lands of a minimum value of $750 and of owners of industrial properties of the first category are qualified. The peasantry electoral assembly shall consist of two delegates from each canton, chosen by the peasants belonging to the cantonal and agricultural corporations.

In cities, which are named, owners of real estate of the value of $1,500, and owners of industries of the first category, and persons paying taxes or rent of the tenth category are qualified to participate in the electoral assemblies.

OLD WORLD NOTABLES

King Leopold of Belgium, in spite of his years, is considered one of the most daring of men.

Herman Bang is one of the best known of the younger generation of Danish prose writers.

Mr. Kendal, the noted English actor, has a second vocation, inasmuch as he is a successful painter.

At the instance of the Czar of Russia "police dogs" have been imported from Germany for his protection.

Juni Aho, the Finnish poet, has been granted a pension of $750 a year for a decade by the Senate of Finland.

The Czar of Russia, according to a French international almanac, draws annually $40,000,000 from the national exchequer.

Vice Admiral Jorge Montt of Chili is in this country on a tour of the world to investigate modern naval problems. He was president of Chili 1891-96.

Geza von Ferjacarg, the recently appointed premier of the Hungarian cabinet, is a retired general of the army and a captain of the Hungarian bodyguard.

Admiral Rojestvensky, the Russian admiral, has always been considered a pessimist. In response to an English girl's request for an autograph, he wrote: "Life is stupid. A little gayety, a little weariness, and then—good night."

King Oscar of Sweden was recently on his way to Norrland and stopped at Sollefteå station. Only two bowing officials greeted him. "Where are my people?" demanded the king. "I have excluded everybody from the station," said the stationmaster. "Then I will go out and meet my people." And he received a most hearty welcome.

ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

FARMER IN BIG LEAGUE.

Pitcher from Rural Club Proves to Be a Wonder.

Edward Kissella, the pitcher sold by Bloomington of the Three Eye League to Pittsburg, is known around the circuit as the "farmer boy wonder." This is his second year of professional ball, the Bloomington team picking him up from a rural nine of McLean county. He has developed wonderfully since joining the Bloomers and has been the most effective pitcher of the staff. Big and awkward appearing, he has excited the derision of opposing batsmen, but his speed, control and deceptive curves have proved successful and he has won more games than any of his fellow twirlers. Kinsella brought $1,000 to the Bloomington treasury. The feat of selling two players in one week to major clubs at the rate of $1,000 each, Center Fielder John Godwin, who goes to the Boston Americans, being the other, establishes a new record in the Three Eye. Kinsella will not report to Pittsburg until the close of the Three Eye season, Sept. 17.



EDWARD KINSELLA

PEORIAN'S DEATH BAFFLES.

Former Wealthy Merchant Dies Under Mysterious Circumstances.

Edward Drouin, formerly a wealthy and influential merchant of Philadelphia, is dead in Peoria. Drouin married a daughter of the late S. H. Thompson, a wealthy wholesale grocer of Peoria, and inherited the entire fortune, which has since been wasted. When found his wife, apparently distracted by the death of her husband, was holding the feet of the corpse in the air in order, as she said, to allow the soul to escape. Mrs. Drouin was formerly a belle of Peoria. Her husband was a member of the firm of Work & Drouin, merchants of Philadelphia. The cause of Drouin's death is a mystery which the coroner is endeavoring to solve. Drouin was a son of Prof. Felix Drouin, a former member of the faculty of the University of Pennsylvania, where his portrait now hangs.

DIES, 105 YEARS OF AGE.

Jerome B. Osier, Oldest Illinoisian, Succumbs.

Capt. Jerome B. Osier, believed to be the oldest resident of Illinois, died at his house in Chicago twelve days before the one hundred and fifth anniversary of his birth. He was active until a year ago, and was an aggressive life insurance agent until his final illness confined him to his house. For 32 years he had lived at the same place on what is now the northwest side of the city. It was the prairie beyond the stir of the frontier trading post when he first entered the Chicago river on a lake schooner in 1832. Mr. Osier was born in Erie, Pa., Aug. 20, 1800, and until the day of his death he never tired of describing the scenes of the war of 1812. He knew them well because his father, who was of Scotch descent, had fought in Admiral Perry's squadron in the battle of Lake Erie.



CAPT. OSIER.

SILENT FOR TWENTY YEARS.

Miss Jennie Nelson of Paris, Sent to Insane Asylum.

The commitment of Miss Jennie Nelson of Paris to the Illinois eastern hospital for the insane in Kankakee, brings to light the fact that she had not uttered a word for twenty years until about a week ago. Many years ago Miss Nelson went to India as a missionary. She was very successful in this for several years until she received a sunstroke and was compelled to give up her work. Heartbroken she made a vow that she would never again speak to a human being. This vow she kept faithfully for twenty years. She is now 74 years old.

STANDARD OIL CASES FAIL.

Proceedings in Tazewell County Prove a Fiasco.

Guy B. Taylor, former Auditor, and Crittenton P. Collins, vice president of the Standard Oil Company in 1898, will not be arrested on the indictments returned by the Tazewell county grand jury at Pekin some months since. State's Attorney Schaefer is in receipt of an opinion from the Attorney General's office saying that in order to make the indictment effective it would have to be drawn by a grand jury in the same State in which the men live. This will probably end the case against them.

MATRON ELOPES WITH TRAMP.

Keeper at the Almshouse at Sterling Weds Aster Short Courtship.

Mrs. Elizabeth Dent, matron at the Bureau county almshouse, was so impressed by the appearance and manners of Charles Croker, a tramp, whom she had known five days, that she eloped to Chicago with him and they were married there. Word came back from the couple that they are happy, and that the position at the poor farm may be considered vacant.

Quarrel Results Fatally.

Henry Ahrens, Republican Alderman at Spring Bay for fifty years, and Alfred Hosphor, Democratic supervisor, quarreled over township boundary lines. Hosphor hit Ahrens in the face and the latter fell, brea[illegible] and died instantly. Hosphor was exonerated by the coroner's jury from all [illegible] for the

All Over the State.

The Rev. J. W. Hunter of Ramsey has been called by the M. E. church, south, at Pana, as pastor.

Mrs. Frank Chew died at Moweaqua from taking a dose of corrosive sublimate, sold by a druggist by mistake for calomel.

Miss Flora McLean, while hurrying to meet a street car for an outing with young lady companions, fell dead on the sidewalk in Kewanee.

James McInerny, 44 years old, was found dead in bed by his wife at their home in Chicago. Heart disease, together with the heat, is supposed to have been the cause of his death.

Mrs. H. Miles, 80 years old, Evanston, who fled there fearing yellow fever at her home, Rosedale, Miss., died in Evanston. The cause is said to have been exhaustion, due to the long trip.

Robert Klein, a junk peddler of central Illinois, was arrested in Decatur on the charge of murderously assaulting W. T. Wood, a well-known retired merchant of Bloomington. Wood cannot live.

Dr. Egan, secretary of the Illinois board of health, is apprehensive of conditions in the South and believes extraordinary precautions will be necessary to keep yellow fever out of southern Illinois.

Fannie Thurn, an 18-year-old wife, has sworn out a warrant in Sterling for the arrest of her boy husband, who is 17 years old, charging him with abandonment. They were married two months ago.

The Rockford opera house has been disposed of to the Chamberlain & Harrington Company of Burlington, Iowa, present lessees of the house, who conduct a number of theaters in that part of the country. The transfer will be Sept. 1.

An accident occurred near Benson by which Charles Tool fell in the cylinder of a separator and was horribly mangled. Both legs were cut off and he died before he could be taken from the machine. He was about 43 years old and leaves a wife and child.

The coroner's inquest, after a two days' session in Sterling, returned a verdict in the shooting of Harvey Conaway, a prominent politician, in which Mrs. W. H. Herrick and her 14-year-old son were severely criticised for the shooting, but exonerated.

Lizzie Loeb, 4 years old, while playing in the rear of her home in Chicago, with another little girl, where a pile of papers was being burned, ran so close to the fire that her clothing was ignited. She was burned so severely that she died a few hours afterward.

Stanley Adair, the 10-year-old son of G. M. Adair, and Fred and Frank Collier, respectively 14 and 10 years of age, sons of Joseph Collier of Rock Falls, are missing, and a search has failed to discover their whereabouts. It is feared the boys have been murdered.

The man who ran amuck on a Chicago and Alton train, killing Marion Warner of Secor and injuring Miss Effie McDonald of Galesburg, has been identified at Bloomington as Eugene Pikeman of Hopedale. His father will employ local legal counsel to defend him.

The tomato season in southern Illinois is practically closed. The crop has paid unusually large profits, as have all fruits and vegetables in "Egypt" this year. Near Balcom one man cleared $3,000 on cucumbers alone and the "Egyptian" money lenders are doing little business.

W. H. and Frank Vanvalkenberg of Danville have leased the Leland Hotel of Springfield for a period of ten years. They will take charge of the historic hostelry Sept. 1. Horace Wiggins, who, since the death of his father, Col. B. Wiggins, has been manager of the hotel, will engage in farming with his brother on the Leland farm.

Articles of incorporation have been filed for the Shawneetown and Western Railroad Company, principal office in Golconda, capital stock nominally $50,000. The road is planned to be constructed from Shawneetown through the counties of Gallatin, Hardin, Saline, Pope, Johnson and Massac to a point on the Ohio river in Massac county.

Jesse R. Jones, for years an Alton engineer and resident of Bloomington, died from yellow fever at Jallappa, Mexico. He was born at Wilmington Jan. 6, 1807. He drew $400 per month on his run and when others fled from the fever-stricken district Engineer Jones remained at the throttle, sacrificing his life in the attempt to be loyal to the company.

Josephine Collett, accused by William Nagel of killing and partly burning Carl Brady, a fisherman, on an island in the Mississippi river, near Rock Island, said the crime was committed by Nagel. She asserted that Brady was shot during a quarrel following his refusal to lend Nagel a skiff. When confronted with Nagel, the woman repeated the story and fainted. Mrs. Collett and Nagel were arrested in a houseboat owned by Brady, who evidently was killed several weeks ago.

Gored and trampled to death by an angry bull was the horrible fate of Miss Susanna Lantz, aged 74 years, sister of Daniel Lantz, a well-known farmer of Wheatland township, who was killed on the farm of her brother, eight miles southeast of Aurora. It was the custom of the aged woman to go to the pasture each morning and drive in the cows. When she went into the field she was attacked by a two-year-old bull, which threw her to the ground and trampled upon her.

Of crop conditions in this State the government's weekly report says: Timely rain believed to have been widespread; moisture was badly needed; corn maintains good condition in some sections, but many reports of firing received; thrashing oats, wheat, rye and barley well advanced, with compensating results; broom corn in good condition; pastures and meadows needed moisture; second crop of clover ready to cut; grapes, plums and blackberries plentiful; apples scarce and dropping; potatoes cut short by drought.

NEW MARRIAGE LAW WORRIES.

Legality of License Questioned in Case of Certain Minors.

The latest tangle in the new marriage license law is reported from Coles county. Saturday afternoon James W. Pepperdine, aged 19, and Miss Ethel Finley, aged 17, applied for a license. The prospective groom is a resident of Coles county and the bride lived in Moultrie county. Their respective fathers accompanied them to the clerk's office and made the necessary affidavits of consent to the union. After they had gone away with the permit in their possession the point was raised in the clerk's office that the license granted was illegal and that the young people could not marry because the bride-to-be was a resident of another county than that in which the permit was issued. The following section of the statute of 1905 was quoted in support of the contention: "Provided, That a male person of 18 years of age or upward or a female person 16 years of age or upward may contract a legal marriage if the parent or guardian of such person shall appear before the county clerk in the county where such minor person resides and shall make affidavit that he or she is the parent or guardian of said minor and give consent to the marriage." As the parents of the minors in this case live in different counties, it would seem impossible that they could comply with the law. The young couple had the license, though, and decided to take the chances. They were married in Whitley township, Moultrie county, Sunday afternoon.

GETS ENORMOUS COAL TRACT.

O'Gara Company Secures Option on 50,000 Acres in Illinois.

What is generally conceded to be the most gigantic coal land merger in the Illinois coal industry has been consummated by the O'Gara Coal Company, which was incorporated under the laws of New York only a few weeks ago with an authorized capital stock of $6,000,000. The area involved lies wholly in Saline county, where options on 50,000 acres of untouched coal lands have practically been closed by the representatives of John J. O'Gara of Chicago. In addition to this options have been secured on fourteen of the largest mines in the Harrisburg district. Transfers of titles on the land and mines will be completed shortly, when the property will be taken over by the purchasers. The daily capacity of the mines purchased will be above 15,000 tons and if present plans materialize they will have an annual capcaity of 3,500,000 tons. Among the companies upon whose lands options have been secured are: Eldorado Coal and Coke Company, Harrisburg-Big Muddy Coal Company, Egyptian Coal and Coke Company, operating in the Saline district; Harrisburg Mining and Coal Company, Davenport Coal Company, Clifton Coal Company, Morris Coal Company and the gas company.

SUSPECT MURDER OF BOYS.

Two Unidentified Bodies Found in a Coal Car at Watseka.

The bodies of two boys about 13 and 14 years of age were found in Watseka in one end of a coal car on the Chicago and Eastern Illinois tracks. They were lying on the floor, their arms partially thrown about each other. There were no marks of violence and no bones broken. The car was loaded with long, heavy timbers, but there was nothing to indicate that they had come in contact with them. The coroner's jury adjourned for several days without returning a verdict. Foul play is suspected. There was nothing on the bodies for identification. They had a dime and some cigarette papers. The car in which the bodies lay arrived from Village Grove, having been billed out of St. Louis. Appearances indicate that the boys had been dead twenty-four hours.

BIG MINE STRIKE THREATENED.

Unionists Angered by Operators' Refusal to Hire Men Who Deserted.

Rumors that mine operators on the Chicago and Alton subdistrict are bringing about discrimination against miners who have deserted their posts pending a settlement of the shot firers' controversy are being investigated by the United Mine Workers of Illinois. If they are found to be true a general shutdown of the mines of the State will follow. It is charged that the Illinois Colliery Company, which controls seven mines in the State, has refused to employ the workmen who went out. The miners base their complaint on a section of the State agreement which says that there shall be no discrimination against union workmen in any of the mines of Illinois.

40,000 PHONES IN BIG MERGER.

Illinois Combine Will Wage War on Bell Company.

The first annual convention of the independent telephone operators of Illinois closed in Peoria after an organization was completed which will include practically every independent system in Illinois and many in eastern Missouri, and which will control several thousand more instruments in this State than are operated by the Bell company. The companies represented control over 40,000 telephones and operate 2,500 miles of toll lines. By the new organization these toll lines will be consolidated and a determined fight inaugurated against the Bell system.

Eighteen Hundred Miners Out.

Eighteen hundred miners in the Chicago and Alton district were thrown out of employment as a result of the failure of the special committee of miners and operators to settle the controversy arising over the employment of shot-firers.

Saves Child in a Runaway.

In an effort to save his 6-year-old grandson, Howard McLassen of Chicago, from being killed in a runaway at Elgin, Malcolm McNeil was severely injured.

BANK OF ANTIOCH,

EDWARD BROOK, BANKER.

BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE, AND DO A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Antioch Station 56 Miles North of Chicago

TIME CARD—Antioch Station.

GOING NORTH

Lv. Chicago.		Ar. Antioch.
8:35 AM	No. 5, Daily ex Sunday	10:40 AM
1:30 PM	No. 7, Daily ex Sunday	3:15 PM
4:00 PM	No. 13, Daily	6:30 PM
5:00 PM	Daily except Sunday	6:39 PM
8:00 AM	Sunday Special	10:00 AM
2:45 AM		4:14 AM

GOING SOUTH

Lv. Antioch.		Ar. Chicago.
6:57 AM	Daily except Sunday	8:50 AM
7:18 AM	No. 14, Daily	10:20 AM
11:17 AM	No. 8, Daily ex. Sunday	1:06 PM
4:20 PM	No. 6, Daily ex Sunday	6:15 PM
9:48 PM	No. 2, Daily	10:50 PM
5:22 PM	Sunday Special	8:40 PM

Patrons can now board or leave the above trains at Halstead street, Chicago, instead of the Central station if so desired.

GEO. KUHAUPT, Agent, Antioch.

LOTUS CAMP No. 557 M. W. A. meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month, in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting Neighbors always welcome

C. M. MANLEY, V. C.

J. C. JAMES, JR., Clerk.

SEQUOIT LODGE, No. 827, A. F. & A. M., holds regular communications the First and Third Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting Brethern always welcome.

The Eastern Star meets Second and Fourth Wednesdays of each month.

Why He Wanted a Tenner.

Application was made at half a dozen stores before the man could get one ten-dollar bill for his roll of ones.

"I don't see," said the man's companion, "why you went to all that trouble. You are going to pay the money right over to your tailor. Why didn't you give him the one-dollar bills?"

"Because it would make a bad impression," was the reply. "I am broke, but I don't want him to know it. Whenever you get in that fix pay your debts in the largest bills that you can get hold of. It enhances your value in the estimation of tradesmen and paves the way for further credit. A fellow will think a heap more of you if you pay with one five dollar bill than with five ones. A handful of chicken feed indicates that you have had to hustle around pretty lively to get the money and that there isn't much left where that came from. A man who really has money can afford to pay in pennies if he feels like it, but he who has little can keep up his credit only by using large bills."

Peculiar Disappearance.

J. D. Runyan, of Butlerville, O., laid the peculiar disappearance of his painful symptoms, of indigestion and biliousness, to Dr. King's New Life Pills. He says: "They are a perfect remedy, for dizziness, sour stomach, headache, constipation, etc." Guaranteed at J. H. Swan's drug store, price 25c.

Seeking the Woodchuck Story.

One day, while passing through the girls' department of the New Hampshire Orphans' Home, located on the old Daniel and Ezekiel Webster homestead in Franklin, N. H., I observed a little girl intently turning the leaves of the Bible, at the book of Daniel, says a writer in the Boston Herald.

"What are you looking for, my little girl?" I asked.

"I am trying to find the story about Daniel and the woodchuck," she replied.

"I hardly think you will find it there, I said.

"Well," she exclaimed, "perhaps I can find it in Ezekiel," and she at once turned to the book of Ezekiel, and continued her search.

Flimflammed.

"Well, dern the luck!" muttered Samson through his close-cropped beard after Delilah and her Philistines had finished with him. "Bunkoed, and by one o' them lady barbers, too!"

Highest Chimney of Concrete.

A concrete chimney that has been completed recently for a Tacoma smelter is 307 feet in height, and is said to be the highest in the world of its kind.

Hope For All.

Toil on, and wait with courage stout,
And wisdom's gifts you may yet seize;
For while the alphabet holds out
The colleges can give degrees.
—Washington Star.

School for Dueling.

A school to teach dueling has been established in Paris. The school was a necessity, as many persons were being hurt in duels through carelessness and lack of skill.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH Dr. King's New Discovery

FOR CONSUMPTION, COUGHS and COLDS

Price 50c & $1.00

Free Trial.

Surest and Quickest Cure for all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, or MONEY BACK.

Unfortunate Selection.

"You say the prisoner was singing. Did you notice the song?"

"Yes, your honor. He repeated it so many times that it impressed itself upon my memory. It was something about a daffydil."

"A new song?"

"I had never heard it before, your honor. It was a sentimental song—something in the popular line. No doubt your honor knows the sort."

"Perhaps I do. Can you sing it, officer?"

"I can make the attempt, your honor. The air is simple, but the words are a trifle hard. Do you want me to sing it, sir?"

"Yes. Silence in the court."

"One moment, your honor. Will your honor kindly recollect that the prisoner was intoxicated at the time, and that it was not altogether easy to catch the exact words?"

"Proceed with the song."

"Yes, your honor. It was like this: 'By shaty noog an' gug-gling rill I sawed for thee, my Daffydil. I bat my heart bees till, bees till, an' cried alloud for Daffydil. Oh, Daffydil, my Daffydil, I love thee still an-never will. The days zat go are all zo slow, I miz see zo, my Daffydil!'"

"You say the prisoner sang that?"

"Yes, your honor."

"Six months at hard labor. Next case."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Fiendish Suffering

is often caused by sores, ulcers and cancers, that eat away your skin. Wm. Bedell, of Flat Rock, Mich., says: "I have used Bucklen's Arnica Salve, for Ulcers, Sores and Cancers. It is the best healing dressing I ever found." Soothes and heals cuts, burns and scalds. 25c at J. H. Swan drug store; guaranteed.

Speeds Even His Sodas.

Two women sat at the soda water counter in an Eighth avenue drug store lazily disposing of an ice cream soda, says the New York Press. In rushed a nervous little man, who ordered pineapple straight from the fruit. He got it, swallowed it in two gulps, and dashed out again as hurriedly as he had come in.

"Gracious!" exclaimed one of the women. "Has that man gone already?"

"He's a wonder, he is," replied the soda dispenser. "That was a slow trip for him. He is a chauffeur in an automobile place across the street. He comes in here three or four times a day on the run, pours down a glass of soda water without taking a breath and hustles out again as though the devil was after him. I've often wondered how much time he takes to eat."

A Touching Story

is the saving from death, of the baby girl of Geo. A. Eyler, Cumberland, Md. He writes: "At the age of 11 months our little girl was in declining health, with serious throat trouble, and two physicians gave her up. We were almost in despair, when we resolved to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. The first bottle gave relief; after taking four bottles she was cured, and is now in perfect health." Never fails to relieve and cure a cough or cold. At J. H. Swan's drug store; 50c and $1 guaranteed. Trial bottle free.

The Mean... of Hyperbole.

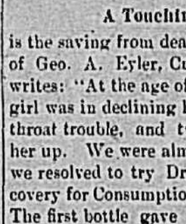
"Hyperbole," said the Rev. Russell H. Conwell to a Temple College student, "means exaggeration. A country minister of a sarcastic turn once explained hyperbole to his congregation quaintly.

"He looked down from the pulpit over his spectacles, and said:

"'Now, my friends, some of you may not understand the word hyperbolical. I'll explain it. Suppose I should say this congregation was all asleep. That would be speaking hyperbolically, for I don't believe that more than half of you are sleeping.'"

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.



Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton N. Y., on every bottle.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

WILL CURE any case of KIDNEY or BLADDER DISEASE that is not beyond the reach of medicine. No medicine can do more.

WAS GIVEN UP TO DIE.

B. Spiegel, 1204 N. Virginia St., Evansville, Ind., writes: "For over five years I was troubled with kidney and bladder affections which caused me much pain and worry. I lost flesh and was all run down, and a year ago had to abandon work entirely. I had three of the best physicians who did me no good and I was practically given up to die. Foley's Kidney Cure was recommended and the first bottle gave me great relief, and after taking the second bottle I was entirely cured."

TWO SIZES, 50c AND $1.00.

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY

JAMES H. SWAN

Keep Out of Ruts.

Don't get into a rut. Look to the right and the left, and always upward. Grow upward to the light, like the plants and flowers. You stand a plant in a dark corner, and what does it do? It stretches out its leaves and tendrils to God's beautiful light. The flowers turn their faces to the sun; always looking upward! It is progress. Don't sit in darkness. Come up and out, and join the children of light

Perfect Sanitary System.

We may find an excellent object-lesson in the value of our sanitary system in the case of the recent outbreak of plague at Leith, says a writer in the Illustrated London News. Instant and vigorous action on the part of the authorities checked the spread of the disorder. Patients were at once conveyed to hospital; those in contact with them were quarantined, cleasing methods were adopted, and the disease was snuffed out.

A Dangerous Flower.

The florist held a tulip in his hand. "Some people claim a tulip has no smell," he said. "As a matter of fact, it has a dangerous smell. Take a tulip of a deep crimson color and inhale it with profound inspirations, and it will be apt to make you light headed. You will say and do queer things—dance, sing, fight, and so on. For two hours you will cut up in this way. Afterward you will be depressed."

Banded for Good Purpose.

Paris possesses a curious social organization with an odd purpose. It is a band of properous tradesmen, who agree to trade with one another to the utmost extent possible, and when necessary to help one another with loans without interest. The clique calls itself "The Tranquil Fathers."

Contents of Fish's Stomach.

A female pike, thirty-two inches in length, which was caught on Barton Broad, Norfolk, England, some time ago, when opened was found to contain two roaches, measuring seven inches, and four inches respectively; two pieces of wire, each eight inches long; two steel spanners, two keys, which were tied together; a portion of a saw, a fragment of iron, and a piece of a spanner.

Batons of Conductors.

Meyerbeer, the celebrated composer of "Don Giovanni" and "The Huguenots," used a baton of silver. That of Spohr was richly adorned with gold gems. Mozart conducted his choral concerts at Salisburg, his native city, with a little ivory stick made of ivory.

OLD CHURCH FEASTS

ENJOYMENTS IN THE DAYS OF "MERRIE ENGLAND."

Bazars and Tea Parties of Modern Days Had Their Prototypes Long Ago—Records Show Much Money Raised by Harmless Festivities.

A curious light is thrown on ancient church bazars and charity balls by certain records kept in some of the churches in England. For instance, in the records of Yateley church, which date from 1543, are frequent references to "church ales," the object of which was to get money for church expenses. The feast was organized by the church wardens, "who provided a good spread at so much a head, and credited the profits to the church expenditure." It first appears as the "church ale," then as the "king's ale," then later as "our banquet at Whitsuntide." It was probably held in the church and went on until 1643, the year after the civil war broke out, when, probably, the puritans put an end to such festivities. It was popular, evidently. One enterprising church warden has left on record all the good things which were prepared for the Crondall "church ale" in the year 1587. They had a band, brewed a quantity of ale and made a profit of $42. As money was then worth nearly ten times as much as now the "church ale" may be said to have brought in about $400, which was just 100 per cent on the outlay. The band was hired for four days.

Until 1545 the church wardens kept a church cow and let it out at 33 cents a year. A sheep and a lamb (gifts) they let out for 8 cents a year, probably for the wool. Payments for incense and for an enormous Easter candle of wax were regular items. The parliamentary soldiers made earthworks in the churchyard and the puritans later had a small marble font made. The puritan font is still there, though displaced in its turn. On All Saints' day a little tax was levied of a farthing on each chimney. All Saints' was the dedication day of the church. This tax was called "smoke farthings." From 1543 one parishioner seems to have acted as "dog whipper." "To Whelan, for beating dogs out of church, twopence," is the oldest entry, and as late as 1819 a dog whipper was appointed at a salary of $5.25.

At Yateley they got a new pair of stocks and a new whipping post in 1774 and in 1776 a parish umbrella to hold over the parson at funerals. The parish aided the gamekeeper and farmer by paying head money for sparrows' heads, foxes, hedgehogs, polecats and haws (both the latter chicken killers). Spelling was not very good in the early eighteenth century. Affidavit of legal burials is spelt "after david."

Anxious for His Divorce.

A Rhode Island lawyer who devotes much of his attention to the procurement of divorces, tells the following:

"One day last month there entered my office a prosperous looking German, who, without much preliminary conversation, stated that he wanted a divorce. Suffice it to say that the mass of facts elicited from the applicant would have served to obtain several divorces. At that, it was a toss-up as to whether the man or his wife was the better entitled to a judicial separation. So I hinted to the German that it might be well for him to allow the woman to get the divorce. 'She's a woman, you know,' I added, 'and it would be wiser for both of you.'

"The man gazed anxiously at me for some minutes. Then he exclaimed excitedly:

"'You think I haf done enough to her alretty, eh?'

"'Certainly,' answered I.

"'Because,' he added, eagerly, 'if I haf n't, den I'll go and hit her once now!'"

Life Is Good.

The maiden, virgin-eyed, laughed low and sweet,
"Give me of love and joy my fill," she sang.
"And Sorrow?" asked the angel pityingly.
"I know her not," her merry laughter rang.

The woman drank her cup and at the lees
She faltered sore: "Ah, why so bitter cruel?"
The angel answered gently: "Nay, poor heart,
"Thou has not won thy sorrow's priceless jewel."

The aged one sat dreaming at life's dusk.
"Lo! I have lived unto the end," she said,
"What thinkest now?" the kind-voiced angel asked,
"Life has been good," she whispered with bowed head.
—Grace G. Bostwick in Broadway.

Wasted Energy.

Sometimes head and heels work well together, but it was not so in a case reported in a neighboring State. Sam, a colored man, was an hour late, and his employer asked him to explain.

"Yes, sah, I'll explain, sah," Sam replied.

"Well, what excuse have you?"

"I was kicked by a mule on the way here, sah."

"That ought not to have detained you an hour, Sam, if you were able to come at all."

"Well, it wouldn't have if he'd only kicked me in dis direction. You see, boss, he kicked me de other way."

Strict Rule.

"The manager of this theater is sure nutty."

"What's the trouble?"

"Did you see the new sign he put [illegible] lobby?"

"[illegible] older per[illegible]"

You Look Yellow

The trouble is, your liver's sick. One of its products, "bile," is overflowing into your blood.

You can't digest your food, your appetite is poor, you suffer dreadfully from headache, stomach ache, dizziness, malaria, constipation, etc. What you need is not a dose of salts, cathartic water or pills—but a liver tonic

Thedford's Black-Draught

This great medicine acts gently on the sick liver. It purifies the blood, renews the appetite, feeds the nerves, clears the brain and cures constipation.

It is a true medicine for sick liver and kidneys, and regulates all the digestive functions. Try it.

At all dealers in medicines in 25c packages.

Gilmore Was Misunderstood.

A short time before the civil war, when the late P. S. Gilmore was coming rapidly to the front as a bandmaster, his band was engaged to play at Music Hall, Boston, the Fourth of July. At the intermission Mr. Gilmore stepped to the front of the stage, and, with a motion of his hand, enjoined silence. He then made a short speech.

His voice did not, evidently, reach all the audience. At the front of the hall they preserved the most profound silence, having heard what he said. At the rear of the hall, not having heard what he said, and only knowing that he was very popular, the people gave him a hearty round of applause.

The next day's issue of a morning paper contained the following, or words to the same effect: "When Mr. Gilmore announced the death of Ned Kendall, the famous bugler, at Music hall yesterday, it was received with tremendous applause."

Public Is Aroused.

The public is aroused to a knowledge of the curative merits of that great medicinal tonic, Electric Bitters, for sick stomach, liver and kidneys. Mary H. Walters, 546 St. Clair Avenue, Columbus, O., writes: "For several months I was given up to die. I had fever and ague, my nerves were wrecked; I could not sleep, and my stomach was so weak, from useless doctors' drugs, that I could not eat. Soon after beginning to take Electric Bitters, I obtained relief, and in a short time I was entirely cured." Guaranteed at J. H. Swan's drug store, price 50c.

Qualities that Make Hill a Power.

It is said that J. J. Hill always insists that he is not a Wall street man. He wants to be known as a railway manager and as a railway constructor. He does not dabble in the stock market. In his trading and operations with his competitors, however, he has the reputations of being "shifty." Mr. Hill has the faculty of seeing contingencies and developments of the future further than any living railway man. Experts in Wall street familiar with the ideals and methods of both men state that Mr. Hill's only competitor in this respect is E. H. Harriman, with whose forces the memorable Northern Pacific struggle was fought. Mr. Hill is at once practical, theoretical and imaginative. These qualities, combined with daring originality, confidence and common sense, have placed him on the top list of railway men in the United States.—Chicago Chronicle.

A Father's Duty.

It is beginning to dawn upon the minds of men that the question of [illegible] to men and not to women only [illegible] physical development generally and especially of [illegible] in their first year [illegible] to [illegible] in fact as well as to [illegible] are.

Great Waste of Energy.

It is estimated that in the old blast furnace there was wasted a quantity of energy equal to 840 horse power per hour per ton of iron melted.

A Financial Fancy.

'Tis the outspread wings of the eagle
Upon the gold coin cast
That causes it from all our pockets
To fly so very fast.

Men Past Sixty In Danger.

More than half of mankind over sixty years of age suffer from kidney and bladder disorders, usually enlargement of prostate gland. This is both painful and dangerous, and Foley's Kidney Cure should be taken at the first sign of danger, as it corrects irregularities and has cured many old men of this disease. Mr. Rodney Burnett, Rock Port, Mo., writes: "I suffered with enlarged prostate gland and kidney trouble for years and after taking two bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure I feel better [illegible] have for twenty years although I [illegible] old." Sold by J. H.

JUST WHAT TO EAT

IMPORTANT MATTER IN THE SCHEME OF LIFE.

Too Little Interest Attached in These Rushing Days to the Question of Diet—Some People Who Seem Utterly Unable to Learn What Suits Them.

Some women are born beautiful and with good sense, even with talents. Did you ever notice how many persons there are in which the lid of the casket must have fallen before the belated and most important fairy arrived with the gift of knowing what to eat? Not what to order.

Any man with a moderate income and rich friends may learn how to order. It seems second nature to choose the right spoon or the conventional fork; but as to what to eat with them, this is a habit that simply must be inborn—a seventh sense that is of as great importance as all the other six.

A sick cat turns away from food. A sick dog refuses food, diets himself most regidly; in the spring he eats juicy green grass between meals. If this same dog were a human animal he would probably have stewed prunes, rhubarb, or apple sauce at this season along with his chops, and make a far more successful banker than anaemic John Smith.

Now, there is the anaemic and irritable gentleman who is filled with his wrongs and the unkindness of fate. He is sure to eat pork chops and cucumbers for his luncheon, with a glass of milk to wash them down. He is genial in spells; just long enough to show the kind of man he would have been had the belated fairy only got there in time.

The man who eats the wrong thing will usually tell you about it before he is through. "I wish I hadn't eaten those cucumbers. I never should eat onions," says he, beginning to look unhappy after eating seven.

Now the cheery little married woman of your acquaintance, who manages her husband without his knowing it, she chats to the misanthrope over a luncheon of baked potatoes and fresh tomatoes. "Why, no," chats she. "You see I never eat meat at noon. Just because I do not care for it. It spoils my dinner." She would not have said that much if she had not been asked.

"I always think she must have a wonderfully active liver," said a clever woman speaking of a friend, "for she is never given to reproachful spells. She never, to my knowledge, has imagined herself to be wronged."—New York Globe.

Jealousy [illegible]

"Talk of [illegible] jealousy of her husband," [illegible] of long experience in [illegible] "It is nothing compared to her jealousy of another's chronic ailments. Half the doctors would starve if it were not for the prevalence of illnesses that are purely imaginary. Of course, it does not do for us to tell a woman who has firmly made up her mind that she is ill that she is not ill. In nine cases out of ten she would lose her temper and consult another doctor. Among certain women invalidism [illegible] gives them a [illegible] gratifying to their self-love. They literally be said to 'enjoy poor health.' They look for the doctor's visit to them, or they call at his office as the most exciting event of the day. If they know him well enough, they implore him to waive professional etiquette and tell them about ailments of other women who consult him. Women of this description—and they are legion—having a craving for martyrdom, which doctoring an imaginary illness seems to satisfy.

Rough on Americans.

Andrew Carnegie tells this as one of his experiences at Skibo. Soon after he had bought Skibo there was a circus exhibiting in the neighborhood of the castle, and one of the main attractions was an orang-outang. One night the orang-outang got out, fell over the cliff, and was killed. In the morning two of the keepers looking over the grounds ran across the body of the dead orang-outang. One of them scratched his head and said: "He ain't no 'Ilander, that's sure." The other said: "He ain't no Lowlander, they ain't got so much hair on 'em." After awhile one of them proposed to the other as follows:

"I'll go up to the kirk and see the parson, and you go up to Mr. Carnegie and see if any of his American gentry is missing."—New York Times.

Turtle Weighs 700 Pounds.

A monster sea turtle, known as a leather-back, has been captured at the mouth of the Nanticoke river, in Maryland. The turtle weighed between 600 and 700 pounds, was a fraction over six feet long from tip to tip of shell and had flippers over three feet from tip to tip.

A half inch hawser was required to halter the big fellow to a post. During an effort to free itself the rope, which was fastened over the head and under the flippers, became so tight that it was found that the turtle would be choked. The big reptile became entangled in an ordinary fish net spread off the mouth of the Nanticoke and practically wrecked it.

Tribute to Nat Herreshoff.

Sir Thomas Lipton, expressing in a letter his admiration for N. G. Herreshoff's skill in designing yachts, says: "I wish he would not compress so much talent into the designs of the American cup defenders."